

#### Sweden says no concessions to Iraq

STOCKHOLM (AFP) - Swedish Prime Minister Carl Bildt said Friday Stockholm had made no promises to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein to obtain the release of three Swedish engineers jailed in Baghdad a year ago. He was speaking at a press conference after the arrival back home of Leif Westberg. 44. Christer Stroemgren. 44, and Stefan Wihlborg, 33, who were freed Wednesday after serving one year of seven-year sentence imposed for entering Iraq illegally. The three, employed by Swedish telecommunications giant Ericsson, were arrested after straying across the border from Kuwait. Mr. Bildt said the release of the three had come after strenuous diplomatic efforts. For the first six months of this year there had been no positive reaction from Baghdad. An agreement to negotiate was reached at a meeting with United Nations Secretary General Boutros Ghali and Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz. Mr. Bildt said that on Aug. 24 he moned the Iraqi charge d'affairs in Stockholm, Abdul Razzak Salih, and urged that the three should be pardoned. On Wednesday a personal letter from King Carl XVI Gustaf was handed to President Saddam Hussein by an official of the Swedish court, which asked nothing more than the release of the engineers, Mr. Bildt said.

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#### **Artillery duels in** South Lebanon

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MARJAYOUN (AP) - Israel and its militia ally duelled with guerrillas using mortars and Howitzers in South Lebanon Friday. Security sources said at least one Israeli-affiliated militiaman was wounded. The sources said gunners of the Iranian-backed Hizbollah provoked the clash by hammering an outpost manned by Israel's proxy South Lebanon Army (SLA militiamen with mortar rounds at 2:30 p.m. (1430 GMT). They said the outpost at Shoumariyeh, on the northern edge of Israel's selfproclaimed "security zone," was targeted by at least 27 mortar rounds in an hour. SLA and Israeli gunners responded by shelling bases of Hizbollah in hills near four villages.

#### PLO holds aid talks \* : with EC

BRUSSELS (AFP) — Offiin cials of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and the European Community (EC) met here Friday to discuss European aid projects in the occupied territories, an EC ged for spokesman said. The talks focused on projects io Gaza and an hossi Jericho, which are the first Palestinian areas to be given autonomy under a peace - 2: Israel signed in Washington on ---: Sept. 13. An Israeli delegation bad visited European Commission beadquarters bere on - Thursday for the same reason, bnt there was no joint prerelated story on page 10).

#### PLO sees all envoys \*\*\* except Kuwalti-

TUNIS (R) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) - : representative in Tunisia met ssadors of five of th six Gulf Cooperation Council states Thursday to discuss i in an financial support for the PLO-: := Israel peace accord. Kuwait's ambassador did not attend the meeting. A PLO statement ... : Hakam Balawi met the ambassadors of Bahrain, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the ng may United Arab Emirates to disangelo: cuss financial backing for the Palestinian self-rule deal. Kuwait's ambassador was not immediately available for comment but his office and his family said he was in Tunis.

#### Saudl Arabia

RIYADH (AP) - Four men were beheaded Friday in various parts of Saudi Arabia, two of them Asians convicted try said Abdullah Mir Ulam Khan, of Afghanistan, and Asghar Ali Zakheel, a Pakistani, were beheaded in Riyadh for drug smuggling. Abdullah Ben Mubarak Al Bishi was beheaded in Jeddah for kidnapping two eight-year-old girls, stabbing and raping them. The announcement did not say whether the girls were killed. Hassan Ben Moham-mad Al Zabibi was beheaded in Qunfuda, in Mecca province, for crushing his father to steps lift death with his car, the ministry

#### Abiola returns home

LAGOS (AP) — Nigeria's would-be president ended his seven-week absence Friday and returned to a hero's wel-... come from at least 100,000 supporters anxious for him to govern their country. Publisbing magnate Moshood K.O. Abiola, criticised by some supporters for staying away from the troubled nation since Aug. 3, arrived at Lagos airport where at least 100,000 cheering people rushed to surround the jetliner carrying him. "M.K.O, is our man" the crowds chanted as they swept past hundreds of police, waving placards saying "we want M.K.O. for president." Mr. Abiola was ahead in the I2 presidential ballot when military ruler Ibrahim Babangida.

# Rabin wants autonomy talks to be held in Jordan

Israel-Syria declaration drafted but differences remain

Combined agency dispatches

TEL AVIV — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said in an interview published Friday that he wants negotiations with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on the implementation of the Palestinian autonomy accord to take place in Jordan.

"I hope the negotiations will not take place in Washington," he told Yediot Aharonot news-

"It would be better if they could take place in this region. Perhaps in Rhodes (Greece), Al Arish or Taha (both in Egypt). I would prefer it if they took place in Jordan, if the Jordanians let us mto their country.

Jordan and Israel, still technically in a state of war, signed an agenda for peace on Sept. 14, a day after Israel and the PLO concluded their historic peace deal in Washington. Mr. Rabin said the Israeli

army would negotiate with the PLO on the withdrawal of Israeli forces from the Gaza Strip and Jericho. "For me, Gaza should be a

pilot project, an experimental centre," he said. He said international invest-

ment in the strip was essential and desirable from the Israeli side also, because if the project failed, it would play into the hands of the Islamic fundamentalists who seek the destruction of Israel.

Mr. Rabin said there had been no date set for PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's return to the occupied territor-

"Nothing that Arafat has said so far clashes with the agreement. The only point on which he has deviated is on his return to the territories. There has been no decision made on his return date," he said. Mr. Arafat said Thursday

that he would begin planning his return to the occupied territories on Dec. I.

Mr. Rabin, having won parliamentary approval for his peace pact with the PLO, has said his next task was building ties with the Arab World. The Knesset approved on

Thursday by a vote of 61 to 50, with eight abstentions and one member absent, Israel's recogmition of the PLO and the accord signed last week (see page 10), "The Arah World always

said the Palestinian problem was at the beart of the conflict." Mr. Rabin said after the vote. "The fact we have started to tackle it and together solve it must have implications for our relations with the Arab

Mr. Rabin also said in re-marks plublished on Friday that Israel and Syria have drafted a declaration of principles for an accord but cannot agree on crucial land-for-peace

Israel has demanded Syria

commit to "full peace," meanmg open borders, free trade and diplomatic relations, while Syria has insisted on a complete Israeli withdrawal from

the strategic Golan Heights.
"There is a draft declaration of principles but it still has not passed the problemanc clause of depth of withdrawal and the clause about the essence of peace," Mr. Rabin said in an interview with the Israeli daily

He repeated accusations that Syria's commitment to peace was questionable, saying it supports anti-Israel guerrillas in Lebanon and gives refuge in Damascus to groups opposed to the Israeb-PLO agreement.

'We still don't have the answer if Syria wants peace," he said. But be added that American and Egyptian officials told bim there was a shift in Syria's position on defining

"They tell me there has been a change among them with regard to the essence of full

In Washington, Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa said he bad good news to share with U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher on the Israeli-Syrian talks,

Asked whether be had any "good news to impart" to Mr. Christopher following Egyp-tian President Hosni Mubarak's meeting with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, Mr. Musa said with a smile, "I

certainly have," hut declined to elaborate.

We do hope that very soon there will be some progress on the Syrian-Israeli track," Mr. Musa said at a picture-taking session before his meeting with Mr. Christopher.

"I'm sure that with the American role and with the belp given by all the parties concerned there will be progress, we do hope that very shortly," Mr. Musa said.

After the 45-minute meeting, State Department spokesman Michael McCurry said Mr. Christopher and Mr. Musa discussed Mr. Munarak's talks on Wednesday with Mr.

"These discussions confirmed Syria's commitment to moving ahead with the peace process and to working closely with the United States," Mr. McCurry said in a statement.

Mr. Mubarak, in an interview published Wednesday, said Israel could stage a fourmonth withdrawal from the Golan Heights under a deal being discussed with Syria, U.S. Middle East peace

coordinator Dennis Ross said Thursday he hoped for a breakthrough soon in negotiations between Syria and Israel, but there were still deep divisions between the two sides (see page 2). In a third interview pub-

lished Friday with the mass

(Continued on page 5)

break Russia's crippling poli-

#### camp as crisis continues Combined agency dispatches Hundreds of police, some wearing riot gear, ringed the grounds of the parliament MOSCOW - Police in steel Deputies tasked the twobuilding late Friday in the first belmets and falk jackets squeezed the barricaded parmajor show of force by the liament building Friday, trying to choke off support for hardgovernment. Police allowed people to leave the area but line lawmakers who defied

President Boris Yeltsin for a Mr. Yeltsin ordered his security forces to disarm opponents outside the Russian

Heavily armed troops sit in their military lorries

as they wait on the Moscow Ring Road close to the Russian Parliament building Friday. Hundreds of

also expressed hope for a peaceful end to the crisis. Police hunted for gunmen who attacked a military headquarters in the first violent since Mr. day disbanded parliament to

White House and told them to

shoot to kill if threateoed. He

tical deadlock. About 2,000 anti-Yeltsin protesters held their ground peacefully at the White House throughout the chilly, rainy

day. The crowd was tense but orderly was people huddled under umbrellas, listened to speeches and warmed themselves at small bonfires, next to signs labelling Mr. Yeltsin "Judas" and "a new Hitler."

A group of about 30 men and women carrying religious icons and singing hymns marched around the parliament building, led by a Russian Orthodox priest in black robes, urging police not to move against the demonstrators.

blocked anyone trying to enter in an apparent effort to bring the protest to an end.

Police squeeze anti-Yeltsin

Lawmakers inside the building earlier distributed dozens of automatic weapons to their supporters outside, but there were no guns in sight late Friday.

A presidential decree instructed army and police to "take measures to take away weapons from the persons control of security at the build-

There is a real danger of firearms being used in Moscow," Moscow Mayor Yuri Luzhkov told reporters.

The Russian Congress of People's Deputies, by-passing Mr. Yeltsin, Friday voted to bold early legislative and pres-idential elections on the same day "by the end of March."
Mr. Yeltsin has fixed general
elections for Dec. 11-12 and presidential elections for Rus-

sia's independnece day on June 12 next year. The I,068-seat congress, or full parliament, suspended its session for several hours Friday to enable its members to

power struggle with Mr. Yelt-

White House after President Boris Yeltsin ordered

the people standing outside the parliament to

chamber Supreme Soviet, Russia's working parliament, to prepare the polls and said electoral commissions appointed by other officials, meaning Mr. Yeltsin's government, were General Alexander Rutskoi,

who was named president by parliament earlier this week, said Thursday he wanted simultaneous elections early next year but "not before Feb. 23" so as to have enough time to prepare them.

Mr. Yeltsin bas said he was opposed to simultaneous elecns as they would have a

Twenty-six local Soviets (councils) have voiced support for the communist and conservative-dominated parliament, meanwhile called for presidential and legislative elections on Dec. 12. Council leaders, in a state-

ment read to congress by Deputy Amangeldy Tuleyev, chairman of the regional Soviet of Kemerovo, western Siberia, urged parliament and the government to agree to the date by They said that they would

"call strikes, local referendums, stop paying taxes, ex-porting oil and gas and block

(Continued on page 3)

of smuggling heroin into the kingdom. The Interior Minis-

# Officials say no shift | Israeli killed; PLO in stand on citizenship

(PLO) and Jordan had agreed in principle that there should not be a "duplication" in vot-By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — Jordanian

citizens of Palestinian origin will continue to enjoy full citizenship rights and can freely decide whether they want to stay in the country or go back to the West Bank and become Palestinian citizens, govern-ment officials said Friday. "I they decide to return to

the West Bank and regain their nationality, that is their choice," Reuter quoted Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali as saying Friday. Minister of Information Ma'an Abu Nowar said that

the citizenship of all Jordanians is protected by the law and cannot be revoked.

"The Jordanian nationality cannot be revoked as it is protected by the Constitution, the law and the King," Dr. Abu Nowar told the Jordan Times.

But if Jordanians of Palestiman origin decide to regain their Palestinian nationality in the future, they will have to abandon their Jordanian citizenship in accordance with the law which stipulates that no citizen is to hold another Arab citizenship. Dual citizenship is allowed only with a non-Arab country.

"No Arab should hold two nationalities in Arab countries," Reuter quoted Dr Majali as saying.

Reuter had earlier quoted Dr. Abu Nowar as saying that Jordanians who choose to vote in the West Bank elections would not be allowed to maintain their nationalities, but Dr. Abu Nowar later denied baving said this, stressing that the nationality of all citizens is protected by the Constitution and His Majesty the King.

However, other officials have said that Jordanians will not be allowed to vote in elections both in the West Bank and Jordan.

'Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Jawad Al Anani was Wednesday quoted ordered the counting stopped as saying that the Palestine and declared the results void. Liberation Organisation

ing. He said the modalities of how this will be done are to be worked ont by joint Jordanian-Palestinian committees.

Officials say that the decision not to allow a duplication in the voting process was prompted by the large number of voters who might be able to vote in elections in both the West Bank and Jordan, thus strongly influence the outcome of the polls.

Reuter quoted Dr. Majali as saying that Jordan did not have a policy of revoking citizenship if Jordanians of Palestinian origin voted in the West Bank elections.

Dr. Abu Nowar said the elections in the West Bank and Jordan were not discussed during meetings between Jorda-nian and Palestinian officials in

Amman last week. He said the issue was "mentioned in passing" but added that there was "no discussion of it in the sense that no conclusions were reached."

Under the PLO-Israel selfrule agreement signed in Washington on Sept. 13, elections for a Palestinian council are to be held in July 1994. The agreement says that Palestiman refugees outside the occupied territories cannot take part in the polls for "practical

reasons." Parliamentary elections are scheduled to take palce on Nov. 8 but Jordan is reexamining its plans to hold the elections on the scheduled date in light of the PLO-Israel agree-

Both Dr. Majali and Dr. Abu Nowar said the government was still preparing to hold the elections on Nov. 8. Dr. Majali told Reuter that the right of return of Palestinians and other issues which

touched on Jordan were still

According to Dr. Anani, the number of displaced Palestinians - those who fled the West Bank in 1967 and their

(Continued on page 5)

# orders end to attacks

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) — An Israeli man was found stabbed to death by Palestinians near Tel Aviv Friday in the first fatal attack on an Israeli since the signing of the Israel-Palestinian Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreement last week, police

Yigal Waknin, 2I, was apparently killed by Islamic fundamentalists Wednesday while driving a tractor in an orchard near Batzna, north of Tel Aviv, a police spokesman

A leaflet signed by the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas), an opponent of the Israel-PLO autonomy accord, was found near the body claiming responsibility for the killing, he said.

Hamas bas strongly denounced the autonomy agree-ment signed in Washington and pledged to continue attacks on Israelis.

A top PLO guerrilla in the Gaza Strip told AFP meanwhile that PLO fighters have received orders from PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat to halt all operations against the Israeli occupation.

"We respect the decision of President Arafat to stop firing," Hisham Juda, the Gaza Strip leader of Fatah Hawks,

"Since the autonomy agreement was signed on Sept. 13 we have not carried out any operations against the Israelis," said the 28-year-old, one of the most wanted Palestinian fighters.

"We can protect .ourselves but are under orders not to open fire first," he said during the interview at a secret location in Rafah, on the border with

The Hawks have killed only the Palestinian "collaborator" since the accord, which comes into effect in Gaza and Jericho on Oct. 13 was sealed, and that was decided on beforehand, be

"We stoped operations against the army so I've stopped everything against our own people as well," said Mr. Juda, who commands 50 armed guerrillas spread across the strip in underground cells.

Israel's military Chief of Staff General Ehud Barak said the PLO leadership had issued instructions to activists in the occupied territories to reduce the level of violence. "It is in the PLO's interest to cut down violence and terror-

ism in Israel and perhaps even in Lebanon," Mr. Barak told Friday's Marriv newspaper. 'The PLO leadership has given instructions to that end to activists in the field." He backed the setting up of a Palestinian police force to

maintain order during the autonomous period and said the expected the major problem for Israel to be ensuring security on the roads in the occupied territories. Meanwhile, roadblocks went up and troops and police were on heightened alert as Israel

sealed off the occupied terri-

tories Friday for the Yom Kippur (day of atonement) holiday, military and police The West Bank and Gaza Strip, which Palestinians have only been able to leave with a special permit since last

2:00 a.m. Friday until 2:00 a.m. Sunday. Roads leading into Israel from the occupied territories were closed, even to the tens of thousands of Palestinians with the permits allowing them to work in Israel, the military

March, would be closed from

Pobce said patrols had been stepped up outside public buildings and markets to preveot possible attacks.

The occupied territories are closed off every year on Yom Kippur, the holiest day on the Jewish calender.

Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani Friday reiterated Iran's opposition to the PLO-Israel agreement, but warned Palestinians against taking up arms against each "I warn you Palestinians,

there are signs that the U.S.

(Continued on page 5)

## Mandela urges end to sanctions; world responds

Combined agency dispatches

WASHINGTON - The United States will move immediately to answer Nelson Mandela's call to dismantle sanctions against South Africa.
a senior administration official said Friday.

President Bill Clinton's administration welcomed Mr. Mandela's speech to the United Nations and said it would begin steps Friday to remove most remaining U.S. sanctions, said the official.

The White House was ex-

pected to issue a statement urging all states and local entities to end sanctions against South Africa. In addition, it will support lifting remaining federal sanctions against South Africa with

the exception of an embargo on nuclear technologies and arms to the country, the official said. That restriction probably will not be lifted "until a democratically elected government

is in place," the official said. Most of the sanctions ordered by the U.S. Congress in 1987 were lifted by President George Bush's administration in 1991. But the remaining sanctions have continued to drain the economy, particularly a ban on assistance from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), officials said.

Officials said Mr. Clinton would instruct Secretary of State Warren Christopher to make it clear that South Africa no longer should be barred from receiving IMF assistance under a 1985 law that harred IMF funding as long as the country's government practiced apartheid.

The Clinton administration also plans to support new efforts to support the democratic process in South Africa, including new steps to encourage U.S. companies to invest there and a study of possible Peace Corps involvement

Mr. Clinton also planned to call on churches, universities, labor groups and other private organisations to "get back into South Africa" after avoiding any support for the country for years, the official said.

Mr. Mandela, president of the African National Congress (ANC) told the U.N.: "The time has come when the international community should lift all economic sanc-

tions against South Afria." He was addressing a speech to the special U.N. commission on apartheid. Lifting economic sanctions would come "in response to the historic advances towards democracy that have been

achieved... and give added im-

petus to this process," said the

ANC chief. The South African parliament to approved plans to create a transitional executive

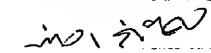


council to establish multi-party councils that would oversee the government in advance of South Africa's first non-racial election on April 27.

But Mr. Mandela asked the United Nations to maintain an embargo on weapons sales until that new government is elected. The arms embargo was imposed in 1977 and can only be removed by the U.N. Security Council.

Mr. Mandela also urged nations to restore diplomatic relations with South Africa.

"We would like to urge that the mandatory sanctions be maintained until the new government has been formed. We would leave the issue of the oil emhargo to the discretion of the committee of the general assembly responsible for the eoforcement of this particular



# U.S. sees role for Iran in peace process but rules out any involvement of Iraq

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The United States has signalled that it would welcome Iranian involvement in the Middle East peace process if Tehran chooses to do so, but that Iraqi involvement coold be ruled out at this point in time.

Dennis Ross, Washing-ton's special coordinator for the Middle East, also told a satellite press conference with journalists in four major European capitals monitored in Amman Thursday that the U.S. was actively engaged in efforts to close the gap be-tween Israeli and Syrian positions in the 23-month-old Arab-Israeli peace talks.

Asked whether the U.S. opposed the establishmeot of an independent state and favoured a Jordanian-Palestiniao coofederation, Mr. Ross restated the American position that it would not support the creation of an independent entity in the Israeli occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"If you look at the (Israelioccupied) territories that those who favoured such a position have had in mind for a state, we have been concerned that it might end up destabilising both Israel and

"But the fact of the matter is that we have also said that from our standpoint it's up to the parties to determine what is they are prepared to agree to," he said in reply to the question, which came from a ournalist in Madrid:

Mr. Ross sidestepped a question from Paris on the impact of the Sept. 13 agreement between Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on Jordan's Nov. 8 general elections.

'A comprehensive solution is something that is in Jordan's interest," he said. "Jordan has concluded its agenda agreement with Israel now, which is also another milestone. And so I think that Jordan, which has always been very committed to peace, will find that a process of peace, and the prospect of developing it, will be something that is beneficial within Jordan itself."

Mr. Ross, a holdover from the Bush administration and considered Washington's best diplomatic expert on the Arab-Israeli conflict, was asked how the U.S. viewed Iran's opposition to the peace

"I thick Iran has to decide if it wants to be a normal part of the region, if it wants to see a region that can move ahead and develop economically, if it wants to see a region that has a very different future for all of its people," Mr. Ross said. "Iran can be a part of that if they support the process. I don't know why it should be in Iran's interest not to support

peace in the region. "Ultimately Iran can play an important role if it's prepared to support peace and tranquility ...(otherwise) it will be isolated."

At another point during the press cooference, monitored at the Americao Centre at the U.S. Embassy here, Mr. Ross was asked whether the U.S. would try to "recuperate" Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

Mr. Ross replied: "You cannot recupe someone like Saddam Hussein. Saddam Hussein's purposes have not changed: At this point the region is fortunate that he remains basically a prisoner within his own country. He cannot be a source for stability in any way shape or

A good part of the press conference dealt with the Israeli-Syrian negotiations and international aid to support Palestinian self-rule in the occupied territories.

Mr. Ross made the following points:

- Both Syria and Israel are committed to a negotiated settlement, as reflected in statements by the leaders of the two countries, including the comments Syrian President Hafez Al Assad made in Alexandria after talks with Egyptian President Hosni Muharak on Wednesday, but there are "some complex issues ...hard prob-lems" that remain to be

Secretary of State Warren Christopher is actively engaged in trying to bridge the differences in direct contacts with the parties and might

even visit the Middle East to help the process. No date has

been fixed.

The U.S. is prepared to provide the kind of guarantees that the Syrians and Israelis want, possibly including the stationing of American forces in the Golon. ican forces in the Golan Heights. "But ... I think we are a little ahead of them. We're not at that point yet."

Mr. Ross declined to be specific whether the U.S. believed that an eventual total Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights was essential for peace. That's for the parties to

work out," he said. "They have to come to grips with each other's requirements... - Washington hopes that Syria would not support the Damascus-based Palestinian groups which oppose the Israel-PLO accord.

We have emphasised to the Syrians the importance of supporting this agreement. They have told us they will not oppose it ... obviously there are Palestinian groups that are in Syria that are expressing positions of opposition. We would certainly hope that those groups don't receive support ... anyone who is placing impediments in the way of this agreement ... is not contributing to an objective of achieving a comprehensive solu-

- Washingtoo hopes that Lebanoo, which has criticised the Israel-PLO accord, will change its position. "...One

has to see this agreement as a very critical, important building block ...It is important to demonstrate that this agreement can work, because that's going to build confi-dence oo all sides and it's going to make progress towards a comprehensive solution that much more likely."

... In the context of the bardline Lehanese groups, including Hizbollah, which oppose the accord, the U.S. "is doing everything (it) can to isolate and discardit those who oppose the movement towards peace." (The questino was whether the U.S. was pressuring Syria to dis-arm Hizbollah).

Washington supports the 1989 Taif accord, which led to the end of the civil war in Lebanoo, and believes that all foreign forces in Lebanon should withdraw, leaving the Lebanese government to exercise its authority and sovereignty all over Leba-

— The U.S. will oot define how much territories the Palestinians should have. "It is a final status issue; it is not related to the agreement that has just been worked out."

Washington will closely coordinate with all other dooors to the Palestinians during an Oct. 1 conference in Washington.

While figures citied by various organisations on the needs of rebuilding the West Bank and Gaza Strip vary, Washington tends to accept the World Bank's figure of \$3 billion in 10 years. "But we

are talking to our partners about the needs, and also talking to the Palestinians as well, as we assess the needs." The \$250 million pledged by the U.S. will be spread

over two years. The European Community has a leading role to play to support the Palestinian economy, particularly that the bloc is the chairman of the Middle East multilateral working group of regional economic cooperation. "We expect they have major contributions to make in a material, in a political, and in a moral sense."

- Washington sees three distinct levels of assistance to the Palestinians: Emergency aid, short-term help to build infrastructure, and long-term foundations for economic development. While the first and secood levels could materialise soon, such as a job creation, roads, housing and services infrastructure, the looger-term plans will take more time to be put in

- An end to the arms race in the Middle East has to be seen in the framework of unitilateral and regional reconciliatioo and economic, social and political cooperaobjectives that we have to have in this process is to transform the region from one of great volatility, where there is an overabundance of arms, into a region where there is great ... coopera-

#### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Cancer victims take Israeli plant to cour

TEL AVIV (R) - Workers at Israel's top-secret Dis nuclear reactor have gone to court demanding to know it were exposed to dangerous substances which might cuased their cancer. Reuven Laster, lawyer for four work and the families of two others who have died, said Thun officials had for more than a year failed to meet his reque provide levels of exposure to chemicals and radiation required by law. "They don't give a reason. They simply they're working on it," Mr. Laster told Reuters. "So I were court asking the court to appoint an inspector to go over file." Israel never comments on whether it has nec weapons except to say it will not be the first to introduce d to the Middle East. Foreign news reports suggest it has 200 nuclear warheads.

#### Rushdie calls on Clinton to pressure in

NEW YORK (AP) - Salman Rushdie says it is time to United States to joio other Western governments in press Iran to lift the death semence that has forced the author hiding. "We need for the American administration to o into that coalition and lead it with the threat of see economic and political sanctions," Mr. Rushdie told sup ters by telephone Thursday. Ayatolish Ruholish Kho issued the death sentence against the Indian-born Eag writer in 1989, accusing him of blaspheming Islam in his n "the Satanic Verses." An organisation of booksellers be distributing a petition Sunday asking President Bill Clinto meet with Mr. Rushdie, to denounce the death sentence to "explore all avenues towards persuading the Iranian rescind the threat." Copies of the petition were sent to a 5,000 bookstors for customers to sign.

#### Turkish minister urges fight against corrupti

ANKARA (R) - Turkey's justice minister urged po prosecutors Thursday to prosecute corruption cases "fear ly" and promised to protect them against powerful into groups. "You (prosecutors) needn't wait for orders. Has such incidents according to the dictates of law and y conscience," Seyfi Oktay was quoted by Anatolia news age as saying at a news conference. "You must carry out k procedures fearlessly and unbesitatingly against anyone involved in corruption." A public ontery has been rat against widespread corruption since August when the pumearthed an alleged case of massive embezzlement involved. the Social Democrat Populist Party (SHP), a partner in coalition government. Ergun Goknel, Waterworks (IS chief of Istanbul's Social Democrat-controlled municipality in jail awaiting trial on corruption charges. Prosecutors he questioned SHP's Istanbul chief on possible links with a Goknel involving millions of dollars worth of suspect "do tions" to his party from contractors hired by ISKI. "As well your assurances under law, I, as minister, will be your assurantor ... your bulwark against politically or social powerful groups," Mr. Oktay told the news conference:

#### British diplomats to visit prisoners in Ira

AMMAN (R) — Two British diplomats will travel to In Sunday to visit Britons jailed for entering the country illegal the British embassy in Amman said. "It is a routine consult." visit," an embassy official said, adding that it was part of series of regular visits to the prisoders in Iraq. The expected to last about five days, was arranged before In freed three Swedes held on the same charges on Weine with The official said the Amman-based diplomats. Consul Col Cooper and Arabic-speaking political officer Mark Le Gorwoold visit Paul Wainwright, Simon Dunn, and Paul Ridd Abu Ghraib prison oear Baghdad. They would not he political talks with Iraqi officials. Mr. Ride's wife Julie visite him at the jail this week. The mission is the second since Market and the political talks with Iraqi officials. Le Goy and Stephen Howarth, head of the Foreign Officonsular department, visited the three Britons in July as reported they were in good health. Mr. Howarth was I highest-ranking British official to visit Iraq since the 1991 G

#### Kuwait asks Libya to recall envoy

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) - The Kuwaiti government has to Libya to recall its ambassador to the emirate and na another envoy, Arab diplomatie sources here said Friday. The decision to declare the Libyan ambassador here. Hosni Sal Al Mudir, persona noo grata came after he was involved in argument with the Saudi ambassador to Kuwait, Trad Harthi, during a reception, the sources said. They said the th exchanged harsh words during a celebration of Libys national day at the Libyan embassy here Wednesday.

#### Opposition says iraq executes hundreds

LONDON (R) - An exiled Iraqi opposition group sa Thursday that Iraq had executed hundreds of prisoners quell a rebellion against the government. The Suprem Council of the Islamie Revolution in Iraq (SCIRI) said in statement the bodies of scores of victims had been returned their families, many with signs of torture. There was the independent confirmation of the allegations. The exist oppoistion group, which has an office in London, said it has confirmation of reports that a wave of executions was orden after a revolt at the end of August. "SCIRI sources said th more than 4,000 prisoners and detainees, mostly from south ern and central Iraq, have been sentenced to death Thursday's statement said.

#### Kurdish-related violence claims 37 lives

ANKARA (R) - Thirty-seven people have been killed in latest Kurdish-related violence in southeastern Turkey, second ity officials said Thursday. A statement from the region emergency rule governor's office said 24 guerrillas of the separatist Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) were killed in fit separate overnight clashes in Hakkari, Sirnak, Mardin at Bingol provinces.

## **Ex-prisoners flock** to become policemen

By Sami Aboudi Reuters

RAMALLAH, Occupied West Bank — Young Palesti-man men, including many who have been in Israeli jails, flooded Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) offices throughout the West Bank and Gaza Strip Thursday to benian authority.

"I always wanted to be a policemen. I did not want to serve under the Israeli police, but it is my dream to be a Palestinian policeman," said Yousef Omar, 23, one of several dozen young meo who packed the PLO Fatch offices in Ramallah.

Maher Yasser, 24, of the West Bank village of Shuqba, who has been barred by the Israeli secret police from entering Israel to work, said he was eager to "serve my people as a

policeman." Under an Israeli-Palestinian agreement on self-rule in the occupied territories, the PLO has begun recruiting people aged 18-35 for its police force.

"After the accord was signed, President Yasser Arafat gave instructions to start registering people for the police force," said Hussein Al Shaikh, a senior leader of Mr. Arafat said mainstream Fatch wing in Ramallah.

He said a PLO committee in? Tunis was overseeing the signup in both the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip Israeli troops were oowhere in sight of the Ramallah centre, 16 kilometres north of Jeru-

Thousands of Palestinians, mostly Fatch activists who had been jailed for resisting Israell

occupation, packed some 28 offices set up by the PLO throughout the occupied terri-

The Palestinian force, to be known officially as the Palesti-nian National Security Forces, are to include Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) soldiers now dispersed in several Arab countries as well as local re-

Senior Palestinian leader Faisal Al Husseini has said the PLO wants a force of up to 30,000 men and women.

Officials in charge of the conscription said the PLO intended to enlist up to 12,000 policemen, 7,000 for the West Bank and 5,000 for the Gaza

Hassan Mustafa Sharaga. 28, an official at the Ramallah recruitment centre, said more than 40 people applied in the first hour the offices were open. He said many had been jailed in the past for resisting

Israeli occupation. "They feel they have fought for their homeland and now they feel it is their duty to protect what they had achieved," said Mr. Sharaga.

served in the occupied territories under Israeli command also Adel Masarweh, 47, was an officer when the police were

under Israeli command but resigned five years ago on appeals from leaders of the uprising against Israeli rule. He said the Ramallah district alone would need more

villages and towns in the dis-"We were understaffed and very thinly stretched. Now we



DAY OF JUDGEMENT: An ultra orthodox Jew, watched by children, blows in a shofat in front of the western wall in occupied-Jerusalem for the Your Kippur holiday. For observant Jews, You Kippur means complete abstenance

from food, drink, sex and work to devote the time to prayer and confession of sins. According to the Jewish faith, it is the day God judges every individual (AFP photo)

## Egypt police may have tortured man to death

CAIRO (R) — An Egyptian human rights group has said a man arrested oo suspicion of involvement in a bomb attack on the interior minister had died during police questioning, possibly because of torture, and demanded an investigation.

The Egyptian Organisation Some former policemen who for Human Rights (EOHR) said in a statement ou Thursday that Ahmad Farouk Ahmad Ali died a day after being arrested on Sept. 2, two weeks after a bomb nearly killed Interior Minister Hassan Al Alfi.

EOHR said a police officer told the man's father on Sept. 4 that his son "died of a heart attack during investigation." It than 500 policemen for the 99 added that this was the fourth suspected torture death since

early May. "The official death notification issued by the directorate need to set up a strong police of health affairs noted that force." he said.

"the body has several bruises on the face, and the death occurred as a result of failure in heart and respiratory func-tions" and added that 'specimens were taken for examination and the case is under investigation" EOHR said.

The court said it had presented the prosecutor general with a statement demanding that the death should be in-vestigated, the bear re-examined, and the smily of the victim given protection because of "the continuous threats they are being subjected to by the security appar-

EOHR said police detained the father and 13 other family members on Aug. 20 to force the son to give himself up.

The father was taken to a beadquarters of state security investigations, the main domestic intelligence agency, "where he was subjected to severe beating on all parts of his body while being tied by this feet and hands, and also the officers threatened to sexually assault him, his wife, sisters and daughter in law," EOHR said.

After being told of the son's death and released, "the father was ordered to commit to silence and to endorse a statement that his son died natural-

EOHR said it "reiterates what it severally stated that torture for political reasons has practically become a condoned It added: "Not a single per-

petrator of torture in political cases has been brought to court since more than seven years. This certainly leads those

responsible for torture to feel immuoe from punishment, which contributes to the prevalence of torture and the increase in the number of deaths suspected to have occurred because of torture."

### **Egypt** hopes for breakthrough of Lockerbie

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mnbarak said in a Thursday that he hoped there would be a breakthrough in the act few days in Libya's dispute with the West over the Lockerbie bombing.

The United States and Britain have warned that the Un ited Nations will impose new sanctions on Libya if it does not hand over for trial by Oct. 1 two men accused of blowing up a Pan Am airliner over the Scottish town of Lockerbie in 1988, hope of an opening in the

next couple of days." Asked if he meant that the suspects would be tried in Scotland, Mr. Mobarak said: There will not be a surrender but the two might volunteer to travel abroad to establish their innocence.

He added: "If I was in Libva's place. I would not be able to surrender the suspects. But the great powers are insisting, and so the solution is for the two suspects to volunteer to travel and be tried to estab-

hish their innocence."

A Foreign Ministry source later reported that Mubarak had sent hs senior political adviser, Osama Al Baz. to Libya with a message for Libyan leader Mnammar Al Qadhfai dealing in part with Egypt's efforts to prevent the distpute worsening.

The U.N. imposed an air embargo on Libya in April 1992 in support of the Western demands and is likely to add a ban oo selling oil industry equipment to Libya and a freeze on some of Libya's assets abroad if Libya fails to meet the Oct. 1 deadline.

## JORDAN TELEVISION PROGRAMME TWO ..... Les Aventuries de l'Espace Envoye Special News in French

19-38 News in Hebrew ..... News in Arabic 11's a Wacky World .. News in English "Hillside Stranglers" **PRAYER TIMES** 

## ... Maghreb 'Isha

06:12

15:54

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifleb. Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Anaunciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancta Church Tel: 622366

Church of the Amunciation Te Auglien Church Tel. 630851, Te. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. an Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. 652526. 82/328. German-speaking Evantilical Con-gregation Tel. 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Lutter-Day Saluts Tel. 823824, 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

prevail with clouds appearing at high altitudes. There will be local showers particularly parts of the singdom, and winds will be northeasterly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy with northerly winds and seas calm.

Min./Max. temp.

## JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER

Jordan Valley .. Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 28.6, Aqaba 33, Humidity readings: Amman 15 per cent, Aqaba 38 **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Yousef Al Faqih ...... Dr. Fakhri Tayeh ....... Dr. Abdul Wahab Awad . Dr. Basim Qaddumi Fires pharmacy ...... Ferdows pharmacy 661912 Al Asema pharmacs 637055 Natrough pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy 636730 644945 637660 mad Al Zu bi ....

**EMERGENCIES** Food Control Centre ...... Civil Defence Department ...... 661111 Civil Defence Immediate

630341 Fire Brigade. Blood Bank. . 77512t Highway Police . 896390 Public Security Department Hotel Complaints ...... Price Complaints ..... 605800 Price Complaints ...... Water and Sewerage 897467 Amman Municipality . 787111 shone Information (directory assistance) . Overseas Calls
Central Annan Telephone 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs .... . 661101

HOSPITALS AMMAN-

Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amst... 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amst.... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity .... 642362 Malhas, J. Amman ... Pakstine, Shmeisani 664171/4 University Hospital ... Al-Mussher Hospital . 845845 66722719 The Islamic, Abdali . 666127/37 77710t/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh. Army, Marka Queen Alia Hospital mal Hospital 674155 ZARQA: (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital ..... Al Fikma Modern Hospital .... (09)900560

Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital ..... (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

**QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tcl. (08)53200-5, where it should siways be verified.

roy (Tel	ai Jordanian (HJ) Filghti rminal 1)
5:30	Jakarta, Singapore (R.)
17:45 H±15	New Delhi (RI
<del>[2:39</del>	Karachi, Duhai (R.)
HELSE 10:55	Cairo, Agaba (RI
11:50	Abu Dhabi, Dobs (R.)
12.00	Crim (R)

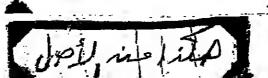
........ Frankfart, Vienna (RJ) London, Berlin (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Larmaca (CY) Sanaa (IY)
..... Muscat, Doha (GF)
..... Rome (AZ)
Dubai, Damascus (EM)

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) .. Paris (RJ) .. Amsterdam, New York (RJ) Madrid (RJ) ... Cairo (RJ) Babrain, Doha (RI)

DEPARTURES

Lamace (RI) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

MARKET PRIC	35
Upper/lower price in fils per	
F III III PC	7
Apple Banana (Mukammar)	6807
Banana	
Banana (Mukummar)  Beans Cabbage	3
Cabbana	720/4
Castage	1407
Carrot	
Cocumbers (large)	4
Cucumbers (cossil)	11 UPU 7 1 ADD
Cocumbers (small) Eggplant	20.
CIE PRINCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF T	260 / 2
Caric	gen / 6
CITEDES	140
Utlava ,	6307 5
Lemon	206 / 1
MARTON (1979C)	720 <i>l</i> 1
Marrow (small)	420 / 3 180 / 1
Mulakhia	180/1
Okra Onion (dry)	9507
Pepper (hor)	240 / 1
Pepper (sweet)	240.1
Potato	any 3
Tomato	1 10
Sweet melon	2607
Watermelon	160/1
	•





A DAY TO REMEMBER: A year ago yesterday (Friday)
Jordaniaus rejoiced in His Majesty King Hussein's return home g successful cancer surgery in the United States. In an ans througed the streets of Ammao to greet their leader. The

emphoric celebration of King Hussein's safe return was described by many observers and analysts as not only a welcome but a "resounding oath of allegiance." No event in Jordan's history has galvanised as many people (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

## Hi-tech show features available lab, medical equipment in Jordan

By Kathrine Rath Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Thirty internaional manufacturers were invited to exhibit the latest technological developments in aboratory and medical equip-ment, computers, as well as educational and teaching aids in a three-day event that ended here Friday.

The "open your eyes to the future" science and computer exhibition beld at the Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental, included several renown firms, such as Hewlitt-Packard, Bard, Hitachi, Howmedica (Pfizer) and Bird, were represented. A large part of the exhibi-tion was devoted to medical and laboratory equipment. Showcased was a wide range of

ors and blood pressure moni-Of special interest to the

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products spanning from ster-

dising apparatus and ortho-

equipment to ventila-

and Trade Bassam Al Saket said the Ministry will look into requests for holding trade and industrial

It will also look into requests made by other countries to hold such exhibitions in Jordan and

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath Thursday visited the Bosnian families centre in Amman and was briefed on the

enrolling Bosnian students at Jordanian universi-

buted gifts to 100 Bosnian children. The centre

houses 400 Bosnians as guests of the Jordanian

for the their accommodation, food, medical

AMMAN (Petra) - Assistant Secretary General

Friday opened the first Iraqi Art Festival at Alia

Free medical day opens

equipment which has been on oan to (the Jordanian Armed Forces) Royal Medical Services (RMS) from the Scientifie and Medical Snpplies Company (SMS) in Amman for a week and which recently was shown on television.

The laser bas a wide variety of elinical applications, but it was used by the RMS to treat patients suffering from benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) prostate (tumour), one of the exhibitors told the Jordan

It is a bloodless technique which, according to Bard Regional Sales Manager Simon Finnamore, has important advantages over normal surgical procedures.

Mr. Finnamore explained that one of the side-effects of conventional prostate surgeryis that the patient can come to suffer from retrograde evaculation which leads to infertility.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Trade ministry to organise fairs.

Clab in Jurf Al Darawish. Mr. Abbas praised the role played by the medical test and stressed the role played by the medical test and stressed the need for focusing more on education rather than on medical treatment. He said that prevention is the correct and safest way to ensure a strong and himistry of cover holding industrial fairs. Commenting on the regulation, Minister of Industry the day were doctors from the ministry of health, and Trade Bassam Al Saket said the Ministry will the University of Jordan and the private sector.

approve them after ensuring their observance of the conditions set forth by the ministry.

Princess Sarvath visits

Bosnian families

AMMAN (Petra) — A Jordanian economic delegation, led my Ministry of Industry and Trade Secretary General Marwan Awad Friday left for Damascus to prepare for the Jordanian-Syrian Economic Committee Jordanian-Syrian Economic Committee Leting, which will be held at the ministerial revel in

services offered to them by the Jordanian govern- Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) and the Joint ment and people. The Princess called for provid- Jordanian-Syrian Industrial Company.

ing the Bosnians with educational services and stressed the need to overcome obstacles in Physiotherapy group elects panel

ties. She urged the Bosnian families to take up vocational training which the centre is providing them so that they can learn a trade which would be useful in their homeland. The Princess distri-

of the Ministry of Culture Mahmond Al Tal Travel Agents which will be beld at the Jordan

Art Gallery. The Festival includes plates of 120 to Ministry of Tourism sources. The sources said

Iraqi artists. The week-long event aims to en- the conference will serve as an opportunity for

hance art cooperation between Alia Art Gallery 400 travel and tour agents to look at the advance

JURF AL DARAWISH (Petra) — Deputising hotel companies, economists, and journalists for Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Bint Al from Holland and Europe, in addition to travel

for mer koyai riignness rinicess and bint at noth from Jordan. The ministry, in cooperation

Adnan Abbas Friday inaugurated the Free with Royal Jordanian (RJ) and the private sector

Medical Activities Day organised by the Hashe-inite Medical Team of the Great Arab Revolt gical sites and other tourist attractions in Jordan.

Hashemite Charity Organisation which provides Hatab and Hanadi Tuffaha as members.

exhibits and fairs inside and outside the country. Jordan, Syria prepare for

stands a greater chance of continuing to father children, the

A highly sophisticated right angle laser fibre which reflects the laser energy in 90 degrees is used. The treatment takes 30 mintues as opposed to over one hour with normal surgery and does not require hospita-lisation, according to Mr. Finn-

The laser will be made available to the RMS for another three months.

The exhibit's computer display was dominated by Hewlett-Packard which showed a broad spectre of hardware and software products, mainly for the advanced or professional user.

A featured software exam-

ple was a programme called Missis ILS (Integrated Libery System); which is in use at the Yarmouk University Borary as well as in 15 other libraries in Jordan. The university bb-

the University of Jordan and the private sector.

Amman next month. The delegation includes

representatives of the ministries of Industry and

Trade, Finance and Customs, Transport, the

secretary and Zuheir Abbasi, Abdul Rahman

Makhlouf, Mohammad Adwan, Shaker Abu

400 Dutch travel agents arrive

AMMAN (Petra) — Delegations of travel and tourist agents from Holland arrived bere Friday

to take part in the 21st Annual Conference of

International Hotel today (Saturday), according

standards of the tourism industry in Jordan. The

conference will discuss means of promoting

tourism to Jordan and Holland. Taking part in

the conference are representatives of airline and

economic meeting

four years ago. According to SMS Service Manager Jamal Qaffaf, the ILS greatly improves the library service and makes it much easier and ker to use. A mechanical engineering

computer was demonstrated by one of the exhibitors. It can be used to design mechanical constructions as well as to visualise and analyse their operation before production, A machine like this is in operation at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and is used in the RSS's Energy Research Programme, according to Mr. Qaffaf.

Also on display was a range portable computers, business management applications, computer network technology, test and measurement equipent as well as a selection of electronic dictionaries, includ-

ing one made for the blind. The exhibition was organised by SMS to celebrate the firm's 40th anniversary.

## GOING ON

The first International Festival of Fine Arts in the Nabatean's National Gallery of Fine

☆ Permanent exhibition of 58 artists and "Chile" Exhibition at Darat Al Funen of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh (10 a.m.-7

\* Exhibition of paintings by Jordanian artist Bisl Najjar at Eshbelia Art Gallery, Amra Shopping

SCIENTIFIC EX-**HIBITION** 

tion hall in the University of Jordan's Student Affairs Department.

EXHIBITIONS Art exhibition of old and new paintings from private collections by emia Zaru at the Royal

Cultural Centre. entitled "Colour and Light Civilisation" at the Jordan Arts.

☆ Art exhibition of paintings on Petra by British artist Caroline Dobson at the British Council.

Iraqi Art Festival at the Alia Art Gallery ★ Exhibition of paintings and photographic pictures of eld Baghdad by Nadim Muhsia at the French Cultural Centre.

Art exhibition by Egyptian artist H. Bikar at the Balqa' Art Gallery in Fuheis.

p.m.; Fridays 10 a.m. - 5 p.m.) Tel. 643251-2

Annual Scientific No po

## Palestinians frustrated by lack of alternatives

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Feeliogs of confusion, uncertainty and frustra-tion for lack alternatives created an atmosphere of tension and anger during an almost three-hour discourse between panel of Palestinian and Jordanian politicians opposed to the PLO-Israel agreement on self-rule and an andience of more than a 1,000 people Thursday evening at the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation.

Five politicians spoke of "long term solutions" to liber-ate Palestine which differ from the approach taken by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin.

A "samud" or steadfast attitude against the Israeli occupation, which would last until 'demographic factors" create an Arab majority within Israel and the occupied territories, was one alternative offered to Thursday's audience by veteran Palestinian politician and prominent lawyer Ibrahim Bakr, a staunch opponent of the Gaza-Jericho first propos-

"If we wait a while the Arabs will outnumber the Jews in Israel and eventually the occupation and the dominance of Jews over Arabs will melt away - this is one alternative," said Mr. Bakr.

Long term approaches, which entail a continoing popular uprising and steadfast-ness of the Palestinians under occupation against Israel were the only real alternatives fielded by the five speakers who included former PLO Minister of Culture Abdullah Hourani, Ibrahim Bakr, Fatah liaison with the occupied territories Abbas Zaki, former member of the Palestinian Communist Party Ghazi Sourani and Jordanian political commentator and columnist Muna Shukeir.

But the audience, which was evidently more against the accord than in favour, wanted more tangible and immediate solutions and challenged the panel to provide them.

"These solutions cannot be easily provided because the solution is a long process rather than a curt political decisions that will bring immediate results," said Mr. Hourani.

What is the alternative to the Arab-Rabin accord is a very difficult question." said Ibrahim Bakr. "There are many aspects to the answer and not all is certain - the process of liberating Palestine must come about by creating facts on the ground and that takes time."

Mr. Bakr, a veteran Palestinian analyst and commentator who retired from political life to return to his law office years ago, became engaged in a heated debate with a member of the audience who challenged him to "find a better start to liberate Palestine."

Mr. Bakr, along with the rest of the panel are against the accord and characterise its proponents as "submitting to rather than "choosing

The panel, most of which have had long first hand contact with the PLO chairman, say the pact is self-defeating in the long run because it signed away too many of the Palesti-

"We did not need the mutual recognition now, we could have beld off on that till we got more guarantees of our rights from the Israelis." said Mr. Hourani who was an early supporter of the 1991 Madrid launched Arab-Israeli peace

Disillusioned, Mr. Hourani believes that Thursday's audience and most Palestinians have gone from being "shocked to confused to silent." "The problem is that at the moment there is no clear programme of action for those opposed to the

Arafat-Rabin accord," be said. Many opponents to the mutual recognition between Israel and the PLO have argued that Israel has not defined its borders and thus Mr. Arafat did not exactly know what he was recognising.

Abas Zaki is one of the main supporters of the intifada, and as a former PLO military man he believes that armed struggle will eventually exhaust the enemy. "The intifada will make the Israeli's want to withdraw completely — if it can only continue.

The intifada as we know it has ended," said Ibrahim

Many in the audience wondered if the Palestinians had become exhausted of armed struggle before the Israelis.

# Majali says government is willing to amend press association law

#### Remier urges audit bureau's monitoring of public funds AMMAN (J.T.) — The gov--powers to the governors in the

ernment is willing to introduce amendments to the Jordan Press Association (JPA) Law to safeguard public interest, according to Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali.

Speaking at a meeting Thursday with JPA president Suleiman Al Qudah and association council members, the prime minister said Jordanian journalists enjoy responsible freedoms and are guided by their conscience regarding the accuracy of information and in serving the national interests. The JPA has been demanding the amendments to bring

the law up to date! Expressing pride in what be called strong bridges between the JPA and the government, Dr., Majali, said the govern-ment filmly apholds the principle of "the rule of law" and is totally committed to the principles of freedom and public

He said the government ans also to apply decentra-

Mr. Qudah presented the view of the journalists to the

prime minister, adding that the JPA and the journalists were shouldering additional burdens at the present stage. He urged the government to

force the newspapers to abide by the provisions of a 1983 agreement calling on them to pay the JPA one per cent of their income from advertise-The JPA has no such payments to date, Mr. Qudah said.

He also called on the gov-ernment to help the JPA in setting up a journalists' club on the outskirts of Amman to serve as an activities centre for

Mr. Qudah also asked that the government increase its annual financial assistance to the associations and the journalists' housing projects.

In reply, Dr. Majali said he understood the JPA problems and promised to study all



Premier visits Audit Bureau

Also Thursday, Dr. Majali visited Audit Bureau and urged its officials to continue

to monitor government spend-ing of public funds. The government is eager to modernise the financial syssaid the prime minister

The second second

ing the collection of funds due to the state.

Likening the bureaus func-tion to that of Parliament in monitoring the application of laws and regulations, Dr. Majali said that the bureau goes a step further by pinpointing the violations and altering the executive and legislative bran-

ches of government to them. He told the meeting, which was attended by the Bureau Chief Adel Qudah and heads of various bureau branches, that the creative and competent employees should be rounded so that the bureau can raise its work and service stan-

The prime minister reviewed the government's economic political policies, explaining the government's views regarding the economic restructuring programme which has been agreed on with the International Monetary Fund and Jordan's external debts.

Mr. Oudah reviewed the adding that the bureau should main duties of the bureau.

#### lisation through granting more related issues. Public drivers disappointed with association's services

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Complaints by public sector drivers are on the rise against the General Association of Owners Public Cars (GAOPC), which was estabhished to provide services to

The GAOPC was shut down by the government recently, because of allegations of embezzlement, but subsequently reopened, according to an owner of a taxi company, who preferred anonymity.

Public drivers in Amman were unhappy with the govern-ment's decision to allow the association to resume operation, and they said they expect nothing new from the GAOPC concerning benefits and services to drivers.

"We pay a yearly fee of JD 8, but we don't get anything in return," said a bitter taxi driv-

The driver, who preferred to remain anonymous, said there are several issues the union should take into consideration with regard to its members. "In any association in the world, there are several services a member expects to get; as for our association, it doesn't matter if it exists or not, because it does not provide us with any services at all."

"I wish we could at leasthave some kind of health insurance or social security to se-cure our families' future," he added.

agreed to several conditions.

President of the GAOPC Abdullah Al Kausi defended the association's position.

"There is a medical center in Wadi Al Nasser especially for public drivers, and they only pay a symbolic amount of money per visit," said Mr. Al Kausi. "There are also public hospitals for more serious cases, where drivers get free medication."

But one taxi driver told the Jordan Times other basic serivees were inadequate adding that he felt he was cheated by the association when he went to check his meter. "When I went to fix my meter, they (the GAOPC engineers) said I needed a new meter. "I felt they could have fixed the problem, instead I paid JD 240 to purchase a new one (meter)." Furthermore the driver said, he had to wait for a month before the engineers finally installed the new meter.

The union's president saw the situation differently. He said he received an order to cancell the old metre that some taxis still use, instead the GAOPC engineers try to fix the old meter to save drivers money and time.

"We are supposed to force all taxi drivers to obtain a new meter, but we don't; instead we prefer to fix the old ones to save drivers any inconveni-

association does not care about drivers or their problems. He recalled that once he was involved in an accident, and tions held on Dec. 12.

A service driver said the

Department and complain. "It is the association's job to stand by me and help me; Instead, I had to go to the traffic department and defend

when he went to the GAOPC

to seek help and assistance, he

was advised to go to the Traffic

Kausi said: "We in the association always stand with the drivers and support them when

Owners of Public Cars total approximately 8,000 in the Kingdom (Photo by Ayasley Floyd) needed. But in some cases, it is the driver who has caused a major problem and we cannot help him," Mr. Kausi main-

myself on my own," be said. But the GAOPC President

The public drivers contacted

by the Jordan Times all had the same opinion of the GAOPC. The GAOPC is just a symbol and doesn't serve a purpose they contended. It is there just to collect money and fix meters, they added.

The number of taxis registered with the General Association of

The Editor and Staff of the Jordan Times express their sincere condolences to their friend and colleague Lamis Andoni on the

May God bless her soul

### Russian crisis

services and education.

and the Iraqi artists.

Iraqi art festival opens

nighways and railway tracks" if heir demand was not met. The Russian federation is nade up of 88 territories, republics, regions and autonmous areas.

The Congress adjourned the emergency session after its eader survived a challenge to is authority. 1 Vice-President Alexander

Rutskoi took the floor to defend Ruslan Khasbulatov after a senior deputy proposed replacing him as chairman of the legislature.

Mr. Rutskoi, sworn in by deputies as acting president after Mr. Yeltsin's decree, accused some deputies of trying to "to flee in good time and to

betray in good time."
"It is a shame. Who is changing borses in mid-stream? We will be laughing stock of the whole world," he

The proposal to remove Mr. Khasbulatov by Veniamin Sokolov, head of one of the two chambers of the standing parliament, was also condemned by the leader of the other chamber, Ramazan Abdulatipov.

It was not clear why Mr. Sokolov, supported by prominent hardliner Sergei Baburin, was seeking Mr. Khasbulatov's removal or if the issue would resurface when the emergency

congress reconvenes on Saturday at 10.00 a.m. (0600 GMT). Russia's constitutional court meanwhile suggested a plan aimed at breaking the stale-mate between the Kremlin and the parliament swith a compromise based on early general elections.

Chief Justiceu Valery Zorkin told the parliament that the court would suspend its ruling that Mr. Yeltsin's dissolution of the legislature was unconstitational provided both sides

The exheme was unlikely, however, to be treated seriously by the Kremlin, which has repeatedly explained why Mr. Yeltsin opposes simultaneous presidential and legislative elections and has declared the current parliament "termioated."

Under the plan, Mr. Zorkin said the Congress of People's Deputies, the fullscale legislature, should be scrapped immediately and general elec-

A series of laws and amendments to the current constitution spelling out the process for holding the new elections should also be approved immediately," Mr. Zorkin said.

He also said that the various "subjects" of the Russian fedbranches could currently do so.

eration — republics, territories and regions — should act as guarantors of the poll as neither the legislative nor executive

### CONDOLENCES

death of her grandmother Labibah Yacoub Salem

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## Comprehensive solution required

AMMAN MUNICIPALITY deserves high marks for its expeditious work on tunnel across University Road to facilitate street crossing for university students. From the looks of things, the municipality will complete its work on the tunnel in a record time having finished already the first phase of the construction. Yet, we believe that such a piecemeal approach to pedestrian plight in Jordan, especially those faced by students and children, is not the right approach. The local government may have solved partially the problem for students attending the University of Jordan but this is very little as far as the rest of the student body in Amman and elsewhere in the country is concerned.

The sight of children attempting to cross the main arteries of their communities at a great risk to their lives must have attracted also the attention of the concerned authorities. People dashing through the congested streets for work or studies or whatever need a comprehensive

approach and resolution.

Constructing underpasses or overpasses for a select of people is not the kind of remedy that Jordanians look for or are entitled to. From a strictly economic point of view, the price tag of the ongoing construction of a tunnel in the vicinity of the entrance of the University of Jordan is estimated to be about JD 120,000. Would it not have been more cost-effective if traffic lights were used to interrupt the flow of traffic on the main thoroughfares of the capital in order to allow street crossing?

Admittedly no price is high enough to provide safe street crossing for pedestrians because the loss of life and body injuries have even a higher price tag. In relative terms, though, more frequent deployment to traffic lights buttressed by the presence of police would do the same job at a much lesser cost. Throughout Amman, for example, whether on Mecca street or Wasfi Al Tal (Gardens) street, there are hardly enough traffic lights to facilitate avenue crossings with safety. In Shmeisania area, the fast developing commercial district is woefully lacking traffic lights to alleviate traffic conditions and above all to provide safe passages for padestrians. The same applies in Um Utheina district and elsewhere in the metropolis. From end to end, Gardens street, for example, has not even one single traffic light system. Only by providing traffic lights can the pedestrian crisis be resolved not just by digging expensive tunnels and causing inconvenience to the public in this process and others like it.

#### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

AL RA'I Arabic daily bitterly criticised a decision by the U.N. Security Council to extend the present embargo on Iraq for occupying Kuwait in 1990, saying that the innocent children of Iraq are paying the price. The paper said that by maintaining the embargo, the world community is continuing to starve the Iraqi children and deprive them of medicine and other necessities for life. It is regrettable to see the world community taking such a decision which would cause the death and the suffering of millions of innocent people under the pretext that suffering of millions of innocent people under the pretext that the measure is being adopted in compliance with the requirements of the international legitimacy, added the daily. It said we also regret to see the Arab League Council discussing everything except the question of lifting the embargo imposed on Iraq for the past three years. The Arab states which are endorsing this embargo against Iraq are the same countries for which Iraq had fought and provided help at the time of its wars with Israel, said the paper. The Iraqis are persevering and are waiting nationally, but, said the paper, the future is for the waiting patiently, but, said the paper, the future is for the Iraqis who, despite their suffering, are building for a brighter

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour commended a government move to float the prices of food supplies in Jordan. Mohammad Daoud said that the move was bound to open the door wide for competition among the local merchants, something, he said, that would result in a reduction of prices. Freeding trade in the country is bound to bring the prices down in view of the competition among merchants, to the benefit of the consumers, he said. For instance, he said, some types of imported powdered milk have gone down over the past few months due to competition among importers and without the interference of the Ministry of Supply in this matter. Therefore, he said, the ministry's course of action is bound to succeed. But, he added, the ministry should always be ready to interfere and put things right if matters tend to get out of control when merchants display their greed, he demanded. We want the Ministry of Supply to keep monitoring the situation and control any manipulations lest the limited-income groups

Jordanian Perspective

By Dr. Musa Keilani

## Opposition will be fierce, but not enough to derail self-rule

IN THE countdown to the implementation of the ground-breaking Israel-PLO accord, one of the preoccupations of many in and outside the Middle East is how strong an opposition the so-called rejectionists could put up in their campaign to derail the agreement.

One of the key elements here is the fact that the Sept. 13 accord enjoys the overwhelming support of a majority of the world community, which is also putting together an assistance package to improve the living conditions of the Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip — the people whose life is most immediately affected by the agreement.

The efficient and honest use of those funds is crucial to the success of the first phase of the Sept. 13 accord signed by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel.

To a large extent, improvement in the living conditions of the Palestinians under occupation will depend on how efficiently the funds are used. One cannot expect an overnight boom in the Palestinian economy, but it is very important that the bureaucracy of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) move fast to create facts on the ground to convince its constituency that an end is in sight to the suffering under

This may not be easy, given the grip Israel has on the occupied territories. But then, it is also in Israeli interests to extend honest cooperation to the Palestinians to ensure that the frustration over daily life under occupation - the recipe that prompts a working father of five to wield a knife against the occupier — is alleviated.

I would even venture to say that a large segment of the support base of the Islamic fundamentalists in the povertystricken Gaza Strip could be dislodged and set on a mainstream course if the living conditions are improved and job opportunities are available.

There is little doubt that by and large, people turn to their faith for solace under conditions of severity. In the case of the Gaza Strip, the support that the Islamists enjoy is partly due to the economic hardship.

The other, equally if not more important, factor is the fact that a majority of the Strip's inhabitants are 1948 refugees meaning that they have little to gain from any accord falling short of clear stipulations as to their right to return to their homes (a non-starter since those homes are in what has come to be recognised as Israel proper) or to receive compensation (a starter if U.N. Resolution 194 is made operative). It is only natural that the 1948 refugees would turn to any group. Islamist or otherwise, which advocates the elimination of the state of Israel since, realisable or otherwise, such an objective is much more comforting to them.

Having said that, it does not mean that the people of the Gaza Strip, refugees or otherwise, are politically naive. If anything, the Palestinians in the occupied territories are some of the most politicised in the world. But it is the faith and those who preach their faith to them that are clouding their judgement of the feasibility or unfeasibility of what they seek

In any case, I am one of those who staunchly believe that improving the living conditions of the Palestinians in the occupied territories with immediate effect will take care of half the opposition to the peace accord if only because people would stand to lose something then as opposed to very little as

The other half stems from political Islam or Islamist politics and leftist orientations which are unable to see the writing on the wall (or read the writing the way they want to).

In the context of Islamist rejection of the accord, it is clear

that without external support, no group, including Hamas and Islamic Jihad, will be able to press their case with any serious

By and large, Iran's influence on Hamas has waned, Tehran. falling victim to its quest for complete domination of the group. Unlike Lebanon's Hizbollah, which asks how high whenever Iran asks it to jump, Hamas has always retained its independent character and approach.

In the last three years, Hamas has been steadily resisting Iranian attempts to implant Tehran's puppets in the leadership of the group. The resistance has subequently led to the deplacement of the staunch pro-Iranian camp which once led

Furthermore, the shift in government from a hardline camp to a relatively moderate stream led by President Hashemi Rafsanjani in Tehran has dealt a severe blow to the designs of

The Majlis (parliament) of Iran has refused to release \$12 million, earmarked for "support of Islamic movements" by its bardline predecessor. Newcomers to the house argued that they could not stay committed to a pledge made by those who occupied their seats earlier, particularly that the entire purpose of the exercise was not related to internal needs at a time when the Tehran regime needs every resource it could

gather to pacify its own growingly impatient population. No doubt, Iranian rhetorics will continue and grow to alarming expressions against any Arab-Israeli peace agreement. The Iraniati hardliners might even find fault with an accord that provides for an unequivocal return of all Arab territories to Arab sovereignty. But that will not mean much in

Hamas activities there. Furthermore, the aid that the oil-rich Gulf states has been extending to Hamas was always contingent on noncooperation with Iran. Again, all signs are that the donors, prompted by the U.S. and Europe, have already shut off the

practical terms in the occupied territories and in terms of

taps of aid to hardline Islamic groups.

Islamic Jihad, which emerged in the early 1980s as a group to reckon with in Gaza Strip, has largely been marginalised in the absence of an effective leadership and finances. Still, it could carry out an act or two detrimental to the peace process. and one has to be mentally prepared to accept that such events are inevitable,

Other Palesonian Islamist groups, such as the Islamic Jihad - Movement in Palestine and Hizbollah-Palestine, fall more or less along the same lines as Islamic Jihad. However, their political viability has been bent out of shape simply because their major ally, the Hizbollah of Lebanon, is also squirming under intense pressure from the Beirur government as well as Damascus (it was very telling Thursday when Dennis Ross, the Clinton administration's coordinator for the Middle East, said in a satellite press conference that Washington was exercising its options to isolate the groups that oppose the Israel-PLO

That brings us to the leftist-oriented groups, the two main PLO factions that have a large support base in the occupied territories — the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) and the Democratic Front for the Liberation of

The PFLP, led by Dr. George Habash, used to have a strong say and influence in various Palestinian trade unions and labour movements since the early 1970s, while the DFLP had its main support base among Palestinian women's movements. But PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's strategy of withholding or selectively releasing funds to the groups since the mid-80s made them unreliable umbrellas for dedicated followers who relied on them for financial assistance and allowed the mainstream Fatch to make inroads into the factions.

Again, it was no coincidence that Bassam Abu Sharif, a long-time Habash lieutenant, defected to Mr. Arafat and DFLP leader Nayef Hawatmeh found his group split in the middle by his one-time close ally Yasser Abed Rabbo. The cunning hands of Mr. Arafat were at work in both cases (to a large extent, Mr. Arafat appears also to have weakened his own Fateh group lest it might rear a strong head against his course of actions).

In any event, the situation today in the occupied territories is that of a fragmented, financially weak and politically isolated opposition trying to fight an internationally-backed group armed with the financial clout to pacify the man of the

Eyebrows could be raised in scepticism if we take a closer look at the internal PLO mainstream leadership. It would appear, judging from information gained from people who should be in the know, that the opposition put up by Farouk Kaddoumi, bead of the Political Department and a veteran who served as a de facto foreign minister of the Palestinians; and by Abdullah Hourani, an independent who served as head of the Cultural Department, was a carefully orchestrated

Whether or not one believes it, it appears that Mr. Kaddoumi and Mr. Hourani occepted the 'temporary' sacrifice of assuming the role of opposition to Mr. Arafat lest anything went wrong with the so-called "super Monday"

After all, someone had to be waiting in the wings to pick up from Mr. Arafat if things did indeed go wrong, and who could be a better choice other than those who the PLO chairman could trust.

The next few days and weeks will prove the accuracy or otherwise of the predictions of some that Mr. Kaddoumi (who mysteriously is a member of a PLO panel charting post-super Monday strategy) and Mr. Hourani will "rehabilitate" themselves into the mainstream PLO ranks.

But in the meantime, the net picture that emerges from the Palestinian opposition on the ground is that of a more or less neutralised rejectionist camp.

Of course, that should not be taken as a green light for Mr.

Arafat to go ahead and do what he wants to do in the occupied territories. There will be opposition, and fierce opposition at that, but not of a level that could derail the PLO apple cart and the peace wagon (in that order).

## U.S. will promote democracy, market economies

By Russell Dybvik

WASHINGTON - With America's core concepts of democracy and market economics more broadly accepted around the world than ever. U.S. "interests and ideals compel us not only to be engaged, but to lead," says Anthony Lake, President Clinton's national security affairs adviser.

"It is a moment of unparalleled opportunity," Lake de-clared in an address to the Johns Hopkins University School of Advanced Interna-tional Studies in Washington September 21. "We have the blessing of living in the world's most powerful and respected nation at a time when the world is embracing our ideals as never before.

Lake's speech was designed to launch a national public debate on the need for America's continued global engage-ment. It followed by one day a New York address by Secret-ary of State Christopher which focused on the Middle East. The president is to deliver his own major foreign policy address before the United Nations General Assembly on September 27.

For half a century, America's engagement in the world revolved around containment of a hostile Soviet Union. Our efforts helped block Soviet expansionism, topple Communist repression, and secure a great victory for human freedom," Lake pointed out.

The successor to a doctine of containment must be a strategy of enlargement -- enlargement of the world's free community of market democracies," he said. That strategy has four basic components:

That the community of major market democracies, including the U.S., should be strengthened.

New democracies and market economies should be fostered and consolidated where possible, especially in states of special significance and opportunity.

— The core market demo-

cracies must counter the aggression and support the liberalisation of states hostile to democracy and markets.

- The Free World's bumanitarian agenda must be pursued not only by providing aid, but also by working to help democracy and market economics take root in regions of greatest humanitarian concern.

'We bave come into the new era with relatively few ways to convince a skeptical public that engagement abroad is a worthwhile investment," Lake observed. "That is why a national dialogue over our fundamental purposes is so impor-

Faced with high deficits and pressing domestic needs, the administration must make a "convincing case" for U.S. engagement abroad or face drastic reductions in military, intelligence, peacekeeping and foreign policy budgets, he

But engagement in not enough. Lake said. In addition to the broad acceptance of America's core concepts democracy and market economics -- America's power, authority and example provide unparalleled opportunities to lead, be noted

While there is no "credible near-term threat to America's existence" in the wake of the Soviet Union's collapse, serious threats do remain, he said. These include terrorism. the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, ethnic conflicts, and the degradation of the gibbal environment.

"Above all, we are threatened by sluggish economic growth," the national security adviser warned. This problem also affects allies in Europe, Canada and Japan. That is why we are leading the effort to secure a successful GATT agreement by December 15," be said. Relations with Europe, Canada, and Japan are also affected by a military problem involving NATO, he said.

"At the NATO Summit that the president has called for this January, we will seek to update NATO, so that there continues behind the enlargement of market democracies an essential collective security," be

The effort to broaden global democracy and market economies must target states that affect U.S. strategic interests, such as those with large economies, critical locations, nuclear weapons, or the potential to generate refugee flows to the U.S. or to key friends and allies. Lake said.

"We must be patient," he caudoned. "We must be ready for uneven progress, and out-right reversals." If that hap-pens, the United States must be willing "to take immediate public positions" to help staunch those reversals, as it has in Haiti, Guatemala and Nigeria, he said. The strategy for promoting democracy must also be pragmatic and it must respect diversity. Lake empha-

Reactionary "backlash" states, such as Iran and Iraq, may engage in violence and lawlessness that threatens the United States and other democracies and "are more likely to sponsor terrorism and traffic in weapons of mass destruction and ballistic missile technolo-

gy." he said.
"Our policy toward such states, so long as they act as they do, must seek to isolate them diplomatically, militarily, economically, and technologi-cally," he emphasised.

In the coming months, he said, the administration will work with Congress to refocus U.S. assistance programme.

#### THE WEEK IN PRINT

# Jordanian-Palestinian cooperation is vital at the crucial stage the region passes through

Reviewed by Elia Nasrallah

Jordanian newspapers last week continued its discussion regarding the repercussions of the PLO-Israeli deal, its impact on Jordan and the Palestinians and the future prospects of peace in the region. A host of domestic issues, including the prospect of postponing the Nov. 8 elections, were also tackled.

Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat's visit to Jordan was a success and the Jordanians and the Palestinians are now entering a new era of closer cooperation, said Sawt Al Shaab daily in a commentary.

The paper welcomed the Palestinian-Jordanian agreement on future cooperacion as a vital step in view of the crucial and sensitive stage through which the region is passing. It said that Mr. Arafat's visit has removed a great deal of mystery that shrouded the situation and the mutual coordination.

Bader Abdul Haq, a columnist in Al Ra'i, cast a gloomy look at the future of the Palestinians in light of the PLO-Israeli deal. He said that the attitude of the Israelis, their continued massing of weapons and their arrogance give little hope for a bright future for the Palesti-

The writer criticised those wbo, he said, have fallen

victim to the temptations and are deceived by promises of financial belp and also those who have forgotten about the Palestinians' struggle and have settled for promises of a

gloomy future.

If the PLO succeeds in returning 860,000 refugees and displaced people to their homeland, it will have made a major gain in its life, said Taher Al Udwan, a columnist in Al Dustour.

Indeed, the PLO-Israeli deal provides for the repatriation of the refugees who were forgotten for over 45 years, said the writer. Those opposing the deal, he added. should realise that any step that would repatriate the refugees and ensure a state for them must be welcomed by the Arab Nation as more important than creating a strategic balance with the

Zionist enemy.

A columnist in Al Ra'i criticised the annexes to the PLO-Israeli deal which provide for the Israelis to have a sbare in Palestinian water resources but not vice versa. and a clause about a completely free trade zone between Palestine and Israel but with no protection whatsoever for the Palestinian

He expressed fear that the Israelis would plan to set up factories in Palestine and market them in the Arab countries through Jordan.

Mahmoud Rimawi, a col-umnist in Al Ra'i daily, said that the United States now plans to cancel U.N. Security Council Resolution 242, in the wake of the PLO-Israeli deal.
As it had cancelled a previous U.N. General Assembly resolution, that equated Zionism with racism, the United States is now trying to cancel Resolution 242 despite

sions has been implemented. said the writer. The PLO, in its drive to improve relations with Washington, could succumb to the American wishes and accept its decision and that of the Security Council, a move which would further enhance the Israeli stand in the re-

the fact that none of its provi-

Snltan Al Hattab, columnist in Al Ra'i, referred to the Jordanian stand with regard to the PLO-Israeli agreement and echoed His Majesty the King's warning that he would be the enemy of those who try to tamper with national unity.

The writer said that King Hussein has underlined the importance of maintaining and protecting the national unity and the need to provide the Palestinians with all

forms of help at this stage. Since Jordan has handed over the leadership of the Palestinian people to the PLO, said the writer, it can only extend support for this leadership to help attain the Palestinian people's national aspirations.

Referring to the Jordanian-Palestinian agenda, signed on Sept. 14, Fahd Al Fanek, a writer in Al Ra'i, said Jordan has stressed that its negotiations with Israel aim at arriving at a just. durable and comprehensive

But for this peace to be achieved, Israel has to comply with the provisions of the U.N. resolutions calling for the repatriation of the refugees and should respect Jordan's water rights.

The writer said that Jordan should be careful as the negotiations with Israel would result in benefits sought by the Kingdom in economic and political fields, and if Israel needs five years, as it says, to make sure of the good intention of the Palestinians before giving them more rights. Jordan is in need of five more years to trust the intentions and behaviour of Israel before embarking on normal relations with the Jewish

Salameh Ekour, an out-

spoken critic of the PLO, said that despite its joint committee with Jordan, the PLO went behind the Jordanian government and made n unflateral deal with Israel.

The columnist, who writes for Sawt Al Shaab, said that Jordan respects the Palestinian right to take their own decisions, in accordance with Palestinian interests. But, he said, Jordan and the Jordanians also have all the right to take whatever measure they see fit to ensure their own national rights.

Taher Al Udwan urged the government to go ahead with plans to hold the national elections on schedule. The columnist, who writes for Al Dustour, said that nnly those who are enemies of democracy fear the elections.

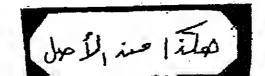
Delaying the elections means having to do without democracy for a long time. said Fand Al Fanek, echoing Udwan's views. The writer said that under the present economic situation, and in view of the fast-moving political developments, a Parliament is a necessity for Jordan. He said that some of those calling for postponing the general elections claim that this move is necessary because the residents of the refugee camps are bound to return. He said that elections could be held again in case of such a development. Their views were coun-

tered by George Haddad, a columnist in Al Dustour, who said that the latest PLO-Israeli deal, which, he said, is considered as a catastrophe for the Arab Nation, requires from Jordan to take time to think of means to deal with the consequences and so should delay the elections.

Several writers criticised the government's decision not to allow government employees to write in the press. Omar Abanda, a columnist in Al Ra'i, said that the 15th article of the Jordanian Constitution provides for freedom of expression for each and every citizen, in writing and other means, provided he respects the Jordanian

The writer said that successive governments have allowed employees to work after the official office hours. Another writer, Musa Sub-cihi, said that preventing people from expressing their free views in the press is an encroachment on their rights given them by the Constitu-

He said that under democracy, such a move on the part of the government is





## Djerejian outlines role of multilaterals in Mideast talks

WASHINGTON — Following is the text of the Sept. 22 address delivered by Ambassador Edward Djerejian, assistant secretary of state for Near Eastern Affaris, to the Washington Institute for Near East Policy:

gike

Last week, we were witnesses to history. The signing at the White House of the Israeli-Palestinian joint declaration was one of those seminal events which transform the international landscape. Like all major events, the signing will have many consequences intended and unintended.

Today I would like to focus on one of the intended consequences of the Israeli-Palestinian breakthrough the synergism between the two tracks of the Madrid peace process. Secretary Christopher, in announcing a confer-ence to support Middle East Peace, said we would he "huilding on the Madrid framework." He was referring to the multilaterals — the "other" track of the peace process

In planning Madrid and its aftermath, we pushed for two negotiating tracks to address the sets of problems which exist in the Middle East. The first track, the bilaterals, was, and is, meant to resolve the core bilateral issues at the heart of the Arab-Israeli dispute namely: land, peace and security. As you know, this mack is broken down into separate bilateral negotiations between Israel on the one hand, and, respectively, the Syrians, the Lebanese, and the Jordamans and Palestinians on the other. Clearly, the bilaterals have been the focal point of public attention and interest.

The second track, the multilaterals, was designed to address functional issues on a region-wide basis. It was designed to foster broader human contract between Israelis and Arabs. In short, it was designed to be an essential complement to the bilaterals — to tackle those regional problems that are themselves a source of tension and instability. Not surprisingly, foreign policy professionals and the general public did not pay a great deal of attention to the multilaterals. And participants in this process were not unhappy to. avoid the glare of publicity — to keep the focus on the bilaterals and to encourage the thoughtful exploration of regional concerns in a construc-

Now, precisely because of this first success in the bilaterals, the importance and the profile of the multilaterals will inevitably rise. The work that we have been doing on this track will, in some instances, be drawn into the bilateral track and, more significantly, the mechanism we established for running the multilaterals will itself feature in our efforts to implement the Israeli-Palestinian Declaration of Principles.

But I am getting ahead of myself. It might be useful for me first to discuss the origins of this "other" track, describe the progress the multilateral working groups have made to date, and then link the work that has been done with the urgent multilateral effort to support the recent agreement between Israel and the Palestinians.

The origins of the multilaterals

In preparing the multilateral track for Madrid, we had a

Officials say no shift in stand all Arab countries have the (Continued from page 1) same higher interests.

offsprings — have reached 672,000. Dr. Anam said that Jordan had also been home to 1.080,000 Palestinian refugees who fled Palestine in the aftermath of the 1948 Arab-Israeli war.

"Nothing bas been decided (on the refugees). We are going to see what bas been decided on the Palestinian Israeli-accord," Dr. Majali was quoted by Reuters as saying. In an interview with

London-based Al Sharq Al Awsat newspaper, Dr. Majali said the issue of refugees could be a source of fear for the future but stressed that "our agenda with Israel stipulates that it should be solved in accordance with international law by either (fulfilling) the right of return or through com-

pensation." In the interview, excerpts of which were carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, on Friday, Dr. Majali urged Arab countries to unite their ranks to face the consequences of what he described as the new "peace era" in the Middle

Dr. Majali said any dangers affecting any Arab countries will have reverberations in the

these problems effectively, we needed as broad a regional participation as possible. With this in mind, we extended invitations to all regional states, save those - like Libya and Iraq — whose policies had put them outside of the community of nations. We recognised, too, that in order to deal comprehensively with the problems of the Middle East, we bad to include extra-regional parties. We realised it would be essential to draw on the wealth of exper-

vision of the fruits of peace in

terms of comomic numan, so-

cial developmental, environ-

mental and security needs. We

recognised that many function-

al problems affected the entire

region, from the Maghreb lo

the Gulf. In order to address

tise, energy and good will available around the globe. We therefore invited the Europeans, Japan, Canada, China, and many others. In doing this, we understood that the U.S. could not afford to shoulder the entire promise and obligation of peace — as it had done at Camp David.

Accordingly, the parties at the Madrid Conference established the multilateral track and called for an organising meeting to be held in Moscow. In January 1992, thirty-six parties, including eleven Arah states and Israel, attended the meeting. Take note of the number of Arah participants - eleven. The bilaterals established negotiations between Israel and four Arab partners. The multilaterals brought the Israelis into contact, from the very start, with seven additional Arab countries. This demonstrates that the concept of the multilaterals — inter alia, to facilitate, normalise, Israeli-

Arab contact - was sound. The historic impact of this new departure came home to me while co-chairing with my Russian colleague the first multilateral Steering Group meeting in Lisbon in May 1992. Around the large oval table for the first time were Israeli delegates sitting next to the Egyptians, Saudis (representing the GCC), Tunisians (representing the Maghreb), Jordanians and Palestinians, A new situation was emerging.

The working groups Let me turn to the operation

of the working groups. The parties in Moscow agreed to establish five working groups on issues that are regional in e and vital to establishin and maintaining peace: Arms Control and Regional Security, Environment, Economic Development, Refugees, and Water Resources. The Steering Group, co-chaired by the U.S. and Russia, was created to monitor the multilateral pro-

It is not surprising - in fact it was planned - that several of the groups, especially security, refugees, and water re-sources, would address matters that are also central to hilateral negotiations. We believed that the Multilateral working groups could do valuable spade work in preparation for eventual bilateral agreements. We wanted to be ready to mobilise resources - both financial and technical - as soon as agreements were reached. Now we are reaping the benefit of that

Arms Control and Regional

Security The U.S. and Russia, the co-sponsors of the Madrid pro-

are the borders under the Brit-

ish mandate. He said the Israel-PLO mutual recognition highlighted "When complications dethe existence of a Palestinian velop in the West Bank we entity and the rights of the here will be affected ... and if Palestinian people on their complications develop in Jordan we fear that our neigh-Stating that the peace pro-

bonrs among our Arah cess should be accompanied by brethren will be affected," Petmajor economic projects that ra quoted Dr. Majali as telling would improve the standards the newspaper. of living for all peoples of the Dr. Majali said the absence region, Dr. Majali said that of Arab solidarity will have real peace will not prevail unnegative consequences on the less the economic disparities in Arab World in what he called the area are addressed. the "peace era" which is more

"(Annual) average per capi-ta income in Israel is \$14,000" critical than periods that follow times of war. while the per capita income for In response to a question, Jordanians and Palestinians is Dr. Majali said the peace agen-\$1,200 annually ... With this da Jordan signed with Israel on situation as it is now, we do not Sept. 14 "is in principle based expect real peace in the area to on the concept of no transfer prevail," Petra quoted Dr. Maand an Israeli recognition that jali as saying. it has eastern borders which

Israeli killed

(Continued from page 1)

and Israel are up to a mischievous plot to create confrontations among you," Mr. Rafsanjani said doring Friday prayers. "Be careful not to fall into this dangerous trap." "If you one day pick up arms

tell what the fate of this sacred jihad (holy war) against Israel

will be," be said. The Iranian president urged the Palestinians to "act wisely in this difficult period rersulting from the ugly and pathetic

cess, chair the Arms Control regional participants identified and Regional Security (ACRS) environmental needs. A con-Working Group. The realities sensus emerged to address the very real problem of desertiof this heavily armed region dictated the approach we took fication (the spread of the desert) that affects all the parties in this working group. Decades of war had produced great of the region. A number of the mutual distrust, and little exregional parties also urged this working group to focus on solid and liquid waste disposal; perience with arms control or even confidence building measures in Middle East. Indeed, urgently.

Dilan lite

outside of a handful of coun-

tries - most notably, Israei

and Egypt - there were few

officials or even scholars in the

region familiar with these con-

at the first and even second

working groups that sought to

provide the ABC's of arms

control. Equally important was

providing an atmosphere in

which professionals, responsi-

ble for the security of their

respective countries, could

establish a relationship and

learn, bittle by little, to trust each other. From there, the

group moved on to explore

more specific arms control and

confidence huilding measures that might be applied to the region. It has held workshops

on verification, maritime mea-

sures, information exchange

and communications. (In fact

the first peace process event

beld in the region was a work-

shop in Egypt). Down the road, we can see ACRS look-

ing to implement some confi-

dence building measures on a region-wide basis, in the areas

of communications and mari-

Economic development

The E.C. leads the Econo-

mie Development Working

Group, with the U.S. and

Japan as co-organisers. Even

before the recent break-

through, the Economic De-

velopment Group was focussed

on the economic problems of

Gaza and the West Bank as

well as regional concerns. A

World Bank study done for the

Group, has become a valuable

foundation for the economic

work essential to support the

peace process.

While the details of an assist-

ance programme need to be

worked out, this study pro-

vides a coherent and timely

framework for rational

decision-making. It suggests

ways to set priorities, and indi-

cates the magnitude of the task before us. Without it, we would be scrambling now to

catch np to the dramatic events

Group had not restricted itself

to studies and hypothetical dis-

cussions, however. Well before

news of the Israeli-Palestinian

accord broke, members of the

Economic Development

Working Group bad begun

projects to lay the groundwork

for Palestinian self-

government. The U.S., for ex-

ample, had taken the lead in

training Palestinians to admi-

nister a civil service, administer

a tax system, and make a sew-

age system work. This is essen-

tial work. These people will

provide the mid-level expertise

required by the institutions the

Palestinians will develop. The

institutions that will give subst-

ance to the vision of peace

offered by the Declaration of

Environment

Of the five groups, the En-

vironment Working Group,

led by the Japanese, with the

U.S. and EC as co-

organisers, has the least political baggage. Early on, the

of last week.

The Econo

time search and rescue.

The result was an approach

The mode of operation has been to bring experts — not politicians or diplomats, from the region together at workshops, and set them to addressing the problems. What we found was that when we put these experts together they solved problems. Beyond the glare of the political klieg lights, we created an environment where scientists spoke a common language. In this forum, Israelis, Palestinians and other Arabs started working together on such critical environmental issues as hazardous waste disposal, oil spills.

When these scientists went home, they told their political leadership that Arabs and Israelis can work together on problems of mutual concern. This "bottom-up" approach — the technicians telling the poblicians that it is not only possible but necessary to work with old adversaries - has been replicated a number of times in the multilaterals. That was precisely what we had in mind in settling this process in

#### Refugees

Canada bas the Refugee Working Group. This bas been a particularly contentious group, since it deals with some of the most emotionallycharged problems in the Arab-Israeli conflict. Issues like family reunification. Indeed, we recognised from the beginning that on such sensitive questions, the parties would have to arrive at political agreements bilaterally. Now Israelis, Palestinians, and Jordanians have agreed to do just that. Both the Israeli-Palestinian accord and the Israeli-Jordan agenda commit the parties to negotiate on

We hope and expect the bilateral commitments will enable this working group to move ahead more quickly. Even before the bilateral hreakthrough, the refugee group had carved out some ects of the prom to work on; training and job creation, public health and child welfare, and social and economic infrastructure.

these sensitive issues.

#### Water resources

As with the refugee problem, the core issue of water resources - water rights will be the subject of bilateral negotiations. The Israeli-Palestinian accord and the Israel-Jordan agenda call for negotiations on water rights.

As a result, the U.S.-led Water Resources Working Group bas focussed on a variety of functional issues such as sector training needs, river basin management, and water data availability. Through worksbops, field trips and feasibility studies, the group bas laid the groundwork for important regional projects. With the breakthrough in the bilats, it might be possible to move forward on projects like desalination plants in the re-

(Continued from page 1)

circulation paper Hadashot,

Mr. Rabin said, "I'm ready to

negotiate with all the parties

but today my priority is to

implement the accord with the

Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-

mon Peres in turn said his

country was prepared to

negotiate with Syria "on an

"It's impossible for the Sy-

rians to dictate conditions to us

... if they want peace, the most

elementary thing would be a

meeting between the Syrian

and Israeli foreign ministers,"

he told the Labour Party's

The daily reported Friday

that Egypt and the United

States were trying to set up a

meeting between Mr. Peres

and Syrian Foreign Minister

Farouk Al Sharaa in New York

when both attend the U.N.

General Assembly later this

Talks end in Tunis

The .first Israeli delegation

to Tunisia ended three days of

talks with Tunisian authorities

on Thursday and an Israeli

spokesman said they were

satisfied with preparations for

equal footing only."

Davar newspaper.

Palestinians."

Future steps

I bave quickly described the progress to date in the three rounds of multilateral working group meetings. Yet there is one more achievement that deserves mention. We agreed in the last Steering Group meeting in Moscow that two of the working groups in the fourth round, which is scheduled for October and November, will be hosted in the Arab World. The Refugee Working Group meets in Tunisia and the Environmental Working Group in Egypt. This means, of course, that Israelis will be meeting with eleven other Arab delegations — and others — in two Arab venues. Once again, the multilaterals are brushing aside long-standing barriers to regional normalisation.

In conceiving the multilaterals, we hoped to create a web of functional interests vaulting pobtical fault lines. We imagined that, as countries prepared for the working groups, they would create institutions and interest groups that understood the need for this process to succeed - and would work toward that end. And we were right. Early on, it was evident that for most participants, the imililaterals were seen as a win/win" situation. All could gain, and all have.

While pleased with the barriers that have fallen in the multilaterals we would still like to broaden regional participation. Syria and Lebanon have, to date, declined to join the multilateral process until there is concrete progress in the bilateral negotiations. We hope recent developments will move this process forward so that Syria and Lebanon will take part in this important effort. We are once again encouraging them to join the multilateral

The breakthrough and the multilaterals

The achievements that I have described pre-date the signing of the Israeli-Palestinian joint Declaration of Principles. But that break-through inevitably affects the work programme and the prominence of the multilater-

At the signing ceremony on the White House lawn, Sept. 13, President Clinton pledged that the U.S. would take the lead in marshalling the necesbreakthrough. Secretary Chri-topher onlined our approach in his speech this week in New York. To fulfill this pledge, the U.S. will convene a donors' conference in Washington early next month. The conference will he held within the framework of the multilateral Steering Group. The instrument that we put in place to advance the multilateral track now becomes the vehicle for implementing the first break-through in bilateral negotia-

The use of the steering group is no accident. We had foreseen the economic needs that would need to be addressed as part of our efforts to make peace. At the Steering Group session in Moscow last July, I negotiated with Faisal Husseini, Israeli Deputy Foreign Minister Beilin and other members of the group language for the final statement of the session. The statement "recognised the particular needs of the Palestinians as they moved towards interim

The five foreign ministry officials arrived in Tunis Mon-

day as an advance party for the

Israelis who will come to the

conference, party of the multi-

lateral track of the Middle East

Mandela

(Continued from page 1)

sanction," added Mr. Mande

The oil embargo was estab-

lished via a non-binding resolu-

tion voted by the U.N. Gener-

al Assembly in 1986. A U.N.

intergovernmental group has

been monitoring it since 1986.

The Commonwealth, a 50-

nation group of Britain and its

ex-colonies said it was ending

"The Commonwealth ai-

ways made it clear that sanc-

tions were not intended to pun-

ish, but to persuade the leaders

of South Africa to accept the

need for genuine change,"

Secretary General Chief Eme-

ka Anyaoku said in a state-

Mr. Anyaoku, a Nigerian,

added that the move "confirms

the beginning of a new rela-

tionship between the Com-

the sanctions.

Rabin wants talks

self-government arrangements." It also expressed the hope that "additional funds will be made available to the Palestinians to meet their current pressing needs and re-

sponsibilities." Now that is coming to pass. Last night, invitations from Secretary Christopher and Secretary Benson were transmitted for the conference to support Middle East peace. This conference will take place Oct. 1 in the State Depart-

Secretary Christopher and Treasury Secretary Bentsen, along with their Russian counterparts, are inviting Israelis, the Palestinians, the Europeans, Japan, Saudi Arabia, Canada, the Nordic countries, and others to this event. The World Bank will participate and, within the Madrid framework, will play a leading role. The U.N. also has a key contribution to make. There is no intention to exclude any country or organisation which can make a genuine contribution, Parties will be invited who plan to extend material assistance beyond any levels they currently provide.

As Secretary Christopher said, "the purpose of this conference will be to mobilise resources needed to make the agreement work. The international community must move immediately to see that the agreement produces tangible improvements in the security and daily lives of Palestinians

In this effort, one of the first tasks will be to gauge the amount of assistance needed in Gaza and the West Bank. Wbile there are several, varying estimates, perhaps the most comprehensive is the one

prepared by the World Bank that I referred to earlier. According to that study, three billion additional dollars will be needed over the next ten

In any case, all experts agree

on the needs that must be

addressed. We are looking to produce visible results immediately in terms of creating employment. We want to mobilise resources for the longer-term challenge of outting in place an adequate physical infrastructure that can ensure clean water, good transportation and the availability of electric power. We intend to pursue projects that build roads, schools, hospitals and housing. We will provide technical assistance aimed at establishing democratic institutions. strengthening credit institutions and tax collection capabilities, and improving agricultural methods. We expect to draw on the resources of United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA), United Nations Development Programme, (UNDP), an other ions that have experience and ideas for particular projects in Gaza and the West Bank. Equally important, we will encourage and work with the American private sector to

play an important role. Given the positive response, we have received to date from countries and organisations around the globe, we believe that these needs can be met. We are also prepared to contribute our fair share. Working with the Congress, we expect a two-year assistance package valued at 250 million dollars.

Thus far, I have focussed on the intended actions of the U.S. and other donors. But it is important to keep in mind the role of the Israelis and the Palestinians in this process. The Declaration of Principles enters into force Oct. 13. At that time, the parties are to establish an Israeb-Palestinian Economic Cooperation Committee. This is absolutely essential. The Palestinians need to create structures to receive and to coordinate with the Israelis the receipt of, assistance, and to ensure that it is put to productive use.

#### Looking ahead

The overall effort that we are engaged in is an exercise in coalition-building on a grand scale. We have been coalition builders before — most recently in the Gulf war. But this coalition is something new. As Secretary Christopher said. this is a coalition for peace to help establish and stabilise peace in one of the world's most important and volatile regions. The stakes in this new endeavor are every bit as high as in our previous efforts at coalition-building. The Israeli-Palestinian Declaration of Principles marked the first maor step toward the vision of a ust and durable Middle East peace glimpsed at Madrid. Economic and social development and growth are essential to consolidate the peace agreement. The role of this multilateral effort is nothing less than to secure that first step, and ensure that the structure and resources are in place to support further steps toward a comprehensive Arab-Israeli peace on all fronts. What a worthy venture this is. For the sake of peace in the Middle East, let us all work to make it a success -- United States In-

## Iraqi artist's works a feast for the eye

By Ica Wahbeh Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Iraqi photographer, painter and sculptor Nadim Muhsin exhibits his works at the French Cultural Centre. It is a display that appeals to more than one sense and allows the imagination to roam freely.

With their brownish tint. like photos kept from one's randparents' time, Mr. Muhsin's photographs are in tone with the old landscapes immortalised on film. Wooden bars support preca-

rious roofs. Old men work buge metal sheets into trays or other kitchen utensils. Narrow streets, with by now,

after seeing the works of so many Iraqi painters, familiar, banging, latticed halconies overshadowing the pavement, are ending at doors of beantifully carved wood or plain metal bars or by the decrepit walls of old bouses showing the hricks under fallen plaster. It is ruin by neglect and time

more than by natural or manmade disaster. It is the image of an old country with an old history exuding from everywhere and pervading every-

The paintings, forming the bulk of the artist's works, are in most cases coloured rice paper with some collage applied in the centre, adorning it with bits of tinfoil paper. threads of rope or coloured bits and stripes of paper. Rarely does the whole paint-

ing get to be ornamented all over. Sometimes squares overlap to create depth and different parts of the whole, adding to the mystery of guessing the

Colours are sober and the frame of each painting - made up by paper supported by two glass sheets — wonderfully complements the work it sur-

Mostly hlack, white and grey, the paintings sometimes become ochre, faded burgundy, olive green or anil hlue. Two bigger canvases are

painted over with oil in thick bold strokes that create beautiful geometric motifs similar perhaps to Greek columns capitals, in one, or mystic symbols left unfinished on the wide-weaved sac cloth coated with several superimposing layers of oil, in the other.

square from which a quarter is issing. Maybe it is up to the viewer's imagination to make up for the rest, to guess the ending and complete the work of the artist. The most impressive crea-

And again unfinished is a

tion Mr. Muhsin produced is that of ceramic sculptures.

Having the colour of raw clay, the bollow forms, skillfully and painstakingly shaped to complement each other and allow for infinite combinations, sensibly gather around a central figure — an all-moving cog or an unassuming triangle.

The rest of the sculptures. mostly metal, are as abstract as the paintings and in most cases can be viewed from back and front equally.

Overlapping or encircled in a metal ring, the metal strips are roughly joined together at angles by some paste which. with its amorphous mass, contributes to the wbole.

And bere again the obsession with enigmas is obvious in challenging mazes or geometrical figures that combine and overlap.

The exhibition runs until Sept. 30, 1993.

UNITED NATIONS

Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia

(ESCWA)



الامم المتحدة اللجنة الاقتصادية والاجتماعية ٠ (الإسكوا)

The United Nations Economic Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) has a requirement for additional office/workshop space totalling approximately 3000 square meters within a single building, preferably located in or near the Shmeisani area. The office space required is approximately 2,500 square meters while the workshop space is 500 square meters. The workshop space should be on a ground floor or basement level with access for large printing equipment. Offers of office space alone will also be considered.

Proposals should be submitted in sealed envelopes to:

Procurement Unit (3rd floor) United Nations ESCWA Abdel Hamid Sharaf No. 28 Shmeisani, Amman

Proposals should be received at ESCWA no later than 7 October

Proposals should include the address of the structure, a description of the available space with floor plans, total square meters and price per square meter. Also, if any services are included in the lease price such as maintenance and/or cleaning services, a description of the services should be included. Proposals for larger areas of space (up to 10,000 square meters) will also be considered.

The state of the s

GPA slashes order book

## **Lebanon** PLO wary of economic cooperation with Israel **puts '94** budget at \$2.4b

government approved Thursday a 4,194 hillion Lebanese liras (\$2.4 billion) budget for 1994 — a rise of nearly 10 per cent over the current year.

Fuad Siniora, the minister of state for finance, forecast a 42 per cent deficit.

The cabinet set "ordinary" expenditure including ministe-rial allocations at 3,800 billion liras (\$2.2 billion) and supplementary expenditures at 394 hillion liras (\$228 million).

The supplementary allocations cover telecommunications, the national lottery and the office of grains and sugar beet and are expected to be matched or exceeded by the revenues of the three institu-

The budget, which needs parliamentary approval, was 9.9 per cent higher than the 1993 figure of 3.816 hillion liras (\$2.2 billion). The 1993 budget was issued by the cabinet only last month and must also be

approved hy parliament. Mr. Siniora's forecast of a 42 per cent deficit for 1994 indicated that expected revenue would be around 2,200 hillion liras (\$1.27 hillion). Revenue for 1993 was estimated at 1,701 billion pounds (\$986 million).

Defence again took the hig-gest share at 534 billion liras (\$309 million) or 24 per cent of allocations for ministries, a local newspaper said. It gave 1993 defence spending at 476 billion liras (\$276 million).

Mr. Siniora said one-third of expenditure would go towards boosting investment and economic development and another third to payments on the internal and external debts, which stand at 3.2 billion and 1 billion respectively.

He said grants and soft loans from Arah countries and other foreign 'sources could raise 1994 expenditures by 1,000 billion liras (\$580 million).

France awarded Lebanon two soft loans Thursday totalling \$24 million and a \$5 million grant towards rebuilding the country's wrecked water and electricity grids.

The deal was signed in Beirut by a French official and head of the semi-official council for Development and Re-

GENEVA (AFP) — The drop of oil prices has cost OPEC

states about \$6 billion since

March, Libyan Energy Minis-ter Abdalla Salem El Badri

said here Friday. Mr. El Badri said after a

meeting of the Organisation's

compliance committee that the

output of 12 OPEC members

since March was 200 million

barrels above the target.

### TUNIS (R) - The PLO is that Israel wanted the territorsuspicious of Israel's economic

plans for the West Bank and Gaza and will encourage economic ties with the Arab hinterland as a counterweight. a PLO leader said in an inter-

Yasser Abed Rabbo, a member of the PLO Executive Committee, told the Tunisian newspaper Al Ra'y Al Amm

ies to remain part of its economic sphere of influence and to become a bridge to penetrate the Arab World.

In their agreement on selfrule for the territories, Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) also agreed to set up a committee to discuss cooperation in trade, finance, industry, transport,

But Mr. Abed Rabbo said:

'Israel's aim is to make (Palestinian) independence superficial and to transform the Palestinian entity into an entity in orbit around Israel, cut off from its surroundings. Its only links with the Arabs and the rest of the world would be those which suit fsrael's politic-

terests, especially extending the network of Israel's rela-

tions into the region. Already, he said, Israel was trying to dictate the form of economic development in the West Bank and Gaza Strip by offering to act as a channel for international aid.

"We want to form the strongest possible links with Jordan and with our Arab surroundings since the Palestinian entity should breathe only through Arab lungs," he

Palestinian businessmen had agreed to take part in an economic conference in an Arah capital on using the Palestimans' own resources in reconstruction, he said.

#### Egypt considers gas Gaza or

CAIRO (R) - Egypt is considering building a gas pipeline to the Gaza Strip or Israel to export an expected future surplus of natural gas, a senior Egyptian official said Thurs-

The idea is an example of the economic opportunities opening up since Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisanon (PLO) signed a peace agreement 12 days ago giving

Palestinians self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank. Mohammad Al Tawila, vicepresident for gas at the state-owned Egyptian General Pet-

roleum Corporation (EGPC). told Reuters that a pipeline to Gaza and possibly Israel was more likely to make commercial sense, given the amount of gas Egypt would be able to export, than a pipeline across the Mediterranean Sea to

"It's only 300 kilometres to build a pipeline (to Gaza). We need smaller quantities than (we would do) to put a line under the Mediterranean," he said. "If we have a surplus of 200 to 300 million sources say a pipeline to Gaza, where a new

power station is one of many

innfrastructure projects plan-

ned under Palestinian self-rule,

could cost between \$200 to

investment

ALGIERS (R) — Algeria bas

adopted a bberal investment

law offering capital transfer

guarantees and other incen-

tives to foreigners, the official

news agency APS said Thurs-

day.

The law, adopted by a

cabinet meeting chaired by head of state Ali Kafi Wednes-

day, enshrines "freedom of in-

vestment as an absolute princi-

between public and private in-

vestments, and between national and foreign invest-

To cut through bureaucratic

red tape, all formalities for

investment projects will be processed by a one-stop

bureau. A Special Investment

Promotion Agency called the APSI will also be set up. The government's bid to

attract foreign investment is

clearly aimed at boosting an

economy suffering from a wave

of violence blamed on Muslim

APS reported that the state

will in future intervene in the

investment field only through

the main obstacle to the influx

fundamentalists.

ments," the agency added.

"ft suppresses the distinction

ple," APS said.

\$300 million. Egypt has been converting power generating stations from oil to gas to free crude oil for export, and it currently uses all the gas it produces. But gas

out 15 per cent a year and a surplus is projected from 1997. Until now, the two main options considered have been a pipeline under the Mediterra-

production is increasing hy ab-1967 and greater economic cooperation between Egypt

nean to Europe and a network of liquefied natural gas plants to make gas transportable by

"It was like a Rubik's cube. Nothing was agreed until everything was agreed," GPA's But the PLO-Israel deal Deputy Chairman Maurice Foley told Reuters, referring raises the prospects of an open border between Egypt and Gaza for the first time since to the complex weh of negotia-, The order-book agreement would cut GPA's aircraft bill to Israel captured the territory in

\$3.6 billion from \$11.3 billion. with aircraft manufacturers Boeing and Airbus Industrie taking the biggest knock.

DUBLIN (R) - Debt-

crippled GPA Group PLC, the

world's biggest aircraft-leasing

company, sealed a rescue

package with U.S. industrial

giant General Electric Thurs-

day requiring a massive \$7.7 billion cut in its order book.

based company, outlining the final shape of a package that

took months to cement but

averted almost certain col-

lapse, said it was cutting its

new aircraft orders by more

than three quarters to 57

pianes from 242.

The struggling Shannon-

A simultaneous announcement of a big profits dive

to cement rescue deal underlined the cash problems that pushed GPA into a prehiminary arrangement in May in which the U.S. giant agreed to buy aircraft from GPA and acquire the right to a controll-

ing stake in the company. The deal is the product of more than a year of highly complex negotiations with banks, bondholders and corporate shareholders as well and

aircraft manufacturers. The rescue plan, which will cost up to \$737 million to implement, would go to share. holders for final approval at a special meeting on Oct. 18 GPA said.

GPA has agreed with Boeing to cancel at least 40 new aircraft orders and has options to drop another 44. It also said it was set to cancel a large number of its orders with the European civil aircraft giant Airbus Industrie, keeping options open to cancel all but six of the 91 aircraft originally due for delivery between 1993 and the year 2000.

## **IMF** chief warns of 'devastating' economic trends

WASHINGTON (R) — IMF Managing Director Michel Camdessus warned Thursday of the risk of "devastating trends" hitting the world economy and appealed for a global growth strategy to combat

Setting the stage for a series of international financial meetings that start Saturday, Mr. Camdessus painted a bleak picture of a world economy beset by high and rising unemployment, anaemic growth and mounting protectionism.

"There are important problems," the International Monetary Fund (IMF) chief told reporters. "Indeed, several of them could become devastating trends if they are not reversed

He said the answer was a global growth strategy that outs trade liberalisation at the top of the agenda and which includes interest rate cuts and reduced budget deficits in the industrial world.
The IMF had forecast in-

dustrial countries will experience only meagre growth of 1.1 per cent this year and 2.2 per cent next year.

Economic policy-makers from more than 175 nations are gathering in Washington for an IMF/World Bank annual meeting that is expected to be

"We calculated we lost ab-

out \$6 billions since March,"

Mr. El Badri said after the

meeting ahead of ministerial

talks that open here Saturday.

OPEC officials said the loss

was calculated on the basis of

the differences in revenue be-

tween OPEC's informal target

price of \$18 a barrel and its

actual price, now about \$15.

Mr. El Badri also confirmed

sagging world economy and a Russia beset by political and

economic turmoil. Mr. Camdessus said he saw no reason to be pessimistic about the outlook for Russia despite the political upheaval there.

But he made clear the IMF would not be lending Moscow any more money until the country puts its economic reforms back on track.

IMF strategy calls for Russia to put its economic bouse in order by clamping down on' credit growth, slashing its huge government budget deficit and opening up its economy.

Mr. Camdessus said the Un-

ited States and other ricb states may want to accelerate their help for Russia to aid Mr. Yeltsin but be stressed IMF loans would be tied to Moscow's progress in reforming its

economy.

The IMF chief appealed to the industrial nations to come up with a global growth strategy to put the world economy back on track after four years of sub-par growth.
At the top of that, strategy

should be an early conclusion of the Uruguay Round of international trade talks. Those talks, aimed at liberalising trade worldwide, had dragged

secondary sources," the Li-byan minister said. The ministers were to begin formal talks Saturday on the output of crude oil for the

porting Countries (OPEC) totalled about 24.7 million barrels a day. "It is not very far from the

#### of incentives in the form of Low oil prices cost OPEC \$6b fiscal advantages and other encouragements. Officials in charge of the that August output by the Organisation of Petroleum Execonomy have said numerous foreign groups considered the absence of an investment code

of foreign capital. The new text appears more liberal than the investment law prepared by the previous government of prime minister Abdul Salam Belaid which did not exclude the "risk of nationalisation." fourth quarter.

#### Yemen starts official Algeria adopts Masila crude exports liberal

ADEN (R) — Yemen formally mangurated oil exports from a major new producing region Thursday, raising the impove-tished country's oil production by two-tbirds to around 300,000 barrels per day (b/d). Yemen, which started pro-

ducing oil in 1987 from the Marib region, now increases its total output by 120,000 b/d from 10 wells in the new producing region in Masila.

Canada's Occidental Petroleum Ltd. operates the Masila block, a 36,000 square kilometres concession on the

Gulf of Aden coast. Most of Yemen's oil production, finc-tuating between 170,000 and 200,000 b/d, had come from fields in the eastern Marib region.

Some 2.25 million barrels have been exported from Masi-la since July 1 when initial production started. Traders say Masila's relatively low 0.62 per cent sulphur content makes it purer than crude from neighbouring Oman.

They say it serves as a cheap

## India relaxes spending squeeze ahead of polls

BOMBAY (R) - India has relaxed a government spending squeeze before crucial elections in November and December but will rein in the fiscal deficit again after the polis, Finance Minister Manmohan Singh has said.

This is not an Indian phenomenon but it is a worldwide pbenomenon," Mr. Singh said in an interview with the Sunday Times of fndia. "f think before politicians can become statesmen they would like to be elected."

The central bank warned this month of a sharp slippage in meeting the fiscal deficit revival of inflation could jeopardise the economic reform programme.

But Mr. Singh said the spurt in government spending before the elections would not be in-

He was quoted as saying he was confident of keeping the fiscal deficit to around 5.7 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP), around the same level as last year.

"I would have liked the year to end with a fiscal deficit of 4.7 per cent of GDP, but even if I now slip by one percentage point it is not a disaster. I don't think it will destroy price stability," he said. "At present the imbalances

are manageable and correcting

the imbalance by depressing the economy would be coun-ter-productive," Mr. Singh said. He said there was considerable slack in the economy, particu-larly in critical sectors like fron and steel and cement. fndia bas postponed negotiations with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) on a

new loan package of \$7-\$9 billion for the coming three years until it has the fiscal Under a previous loan agreement, the fMF bad

wanted to see a fiscal deficit of not more than 4.7 per cent of GDP this year. But Mr. Singh said it was important to take into account political realities.
Prime Minister P. V. Narasimha Rao's Congress govern-

ment faces elections in four northern states in November and December when it will be trying to fend off a strong challenge from the Hindu nationalist Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP).

### Taiwan's investment climate ranked world's second best

TAIPEI (Agencies) -Taiwan's investment climate has been rated the world's second best by the U.S.-based Business Environment Risk Information (BERI) consultancy, despite declining foreign investment on the island, economic officials have said.

BERI, a risk assessment and consulting firm, said in its July report that Taiwan followed only Switzerland in terms of profit potential for the second quarter of this year and next year, the officials said. But the island's foreign-

currency payment capability

dropped from the first quarter to the third rating, trailing that of Japan and Switzerland, they added.

The firm also rated the island, Singapore and Japan the second best places for investment in the next five years. they said.
BERI's optimistic forecast

comes despite investment in the island from abroad falling 28 per cent in the first seven, months of 1993 to \$550 million amid prohibitive real estate prices, fears of environmental protection sentiment and the lack of infrastructure here.

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 25. 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation:

GENERAL TENDENCIES: State what you want the most in direct terms today and let all concerned know that you have reasons and motives of the high-est calibre and show that you are on the beam for putting your plans into execution.

Look at your home from an angle of perfecting conditions there in every possible mainer after which you will be able to have much happiness quietly. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)

into whatever correspondence requires your attention and in the evening enjoy the world of outside activity.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Consider what is necessary for you to do in adding to your income or holdings and you make progress during the early day, then bring your talents to the attention of a bigwig. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Go after those personal desires which have been difficult to obtain early in the day, then you will be able to join close comrades at fun games. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A

morning to get into whatever private interests that are vital to your well being after which you can have a happy time at home with your family.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Go after those things you

want that are difficult to obtain during the busy week early while later you can handle all kinds of

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Consider the various public matters awaiting your attention and do them early in the day after which you can fix your surroundings as you wish. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Make appointments early to do those things you wish to do to please yourself

early and then carry through in doing them in the afternoon. to December 21) Get into various interests of yourself and mate and then finish them right away so later you can enjoy

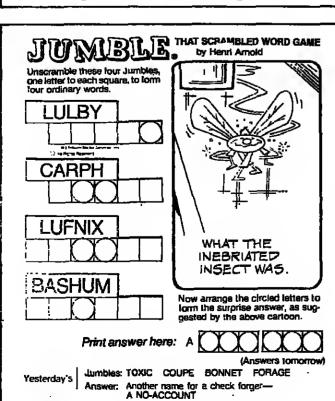
members of your bousehold. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Consider well what partners expect from you and please them by doing what they wish while later and you able 10 be off to see a humorous com-

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You have interesting work you can conclude in the early part of the day after which an influential man-woman will did you with an ontside opportunity.

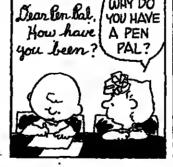
PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) This is the moment for you to have a good time with those you like early in the day after which seek new outlets whereby you can add to your success.



"We're going out tonight and we haven't had a fight yet. It's bad luck to go out without fighting first."



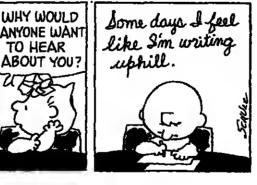
#### **Peanuts**





TO LEARN ABOUT OTHER

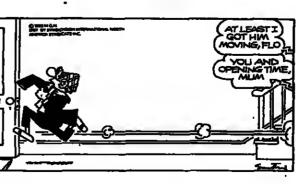




## **Andy Capp**







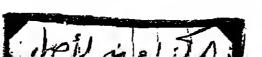
#### **Mutt'n'Jeff**







# THE Daily Crossword by Stanley & Whitten member 15 Lightweight velvet 18 Unemployed 17 Horace or Thomas 18 Hippodrome 19 Fabulist 20 Band or wool benington 39 Sturm — 40 One who Yesterday's Puzzle Solves film 58 Gobi Desert site 59 Gin fizz flavoring 64 John of "A Foreign Aftak 65 Celebrity 21 Fortune 25 Marquis of note 26 Tournament GLEW 1 Male turkeys 2 Blind as — 3 Nary a one 4 Non-specific



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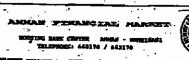
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	YOURS .	C105730		PRICE
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MANA MANEY	1,706,176	100.000	109.500	220.000
MANUAL PARK		y 3.30	5,250	6.130
	30, 172	39.000	37,000	37.000
MANE OF JOSEPH		4.319	6.300	6.150
MINGLE THAT DAVISIONET MAN.	152; 207	2.076	3.000	2.050
THROUGHTY OF STREET, MANUAL PARK	707,348	6.100	6.150	6.039
THE ROBERT MARK	201,003	5.780	5.700	5,690
JORGAN REPORT BANK	901,337	3.000	3.860	3.694
ARAS JORGES SPENSTREET MAN,	. 64,745	6.100	6.100	3.580
JOHNAI DELANCE MAN.	42,356	3_990	4.100	4.500
PRODUCE DANK FOR EXPENSE 5 TRANSPORME.	. 66,335	4.000	5.880	3.850
SORBIT DESCRIPTION > PROPER SORE	100,621	3.560	6,600	3.468
PELL RIGHT STAIRCHTEANANCE LOS PORTING	22,184	5.300	6.4 DO	6_490
THE AND AND THE PARTIES. AND MODERNS	_20,212	3.730	2.786	6.490
AND MAKES CONCENTRAL/2000A	742,590	3.700	1.928	1.960
PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.	3,041	4-254	4.356	1.354
JOHNS IMPRINCE	430,497	3-754	8.660 3.750	3.000
JOHN THE DESIGNATION .		3-794		3,950
DETERMINE INSURANCE	77,328 1,156	2.550	3.529	3.750
YERMOOR THIRDRANCE > RETRICORANCE	1,400	2.250	1,340.	1,500 3,400
MALY TAND DESCRIPCE	1,000	3.000	3.050	3.490
ADD LIVE & ACCIDITY INCHASES	25,003	2.279	3.010	3.520
JOHNS COLF DESPARED .	1,773	1.500	5.350	3-559
AL-HISE AL-ARREX TREMMANCE	32,475	4.000	4.780	4.600
NUMBERSHIP RESIDENCE PORTE	3,137,003	3.520	3.000	3.408
DOID MERGET BLACKGRITT	1,512	3.290	1.260	1.360
AND DEFENDATIONAL BOTHLE	66,467	2.268	8.054	3.850
JURNAL BATTOMAL SELEPTING LINES	4,489	1.364	2.450	3.040
JORDAN BOURGER L SPA COMPLEY	187, 129	8.610	0.610	0.670
MATINGAL POSTFOLIO SECURITIES ROLL LIERES INVESTIGAT	114,312	4.224	4.720	3.770
NAME OF PERSONS ASSESSED.	49,436	0.500	1.700	3.700
LEGIT ELEMETRIC C SOCIEDADE PROFIEM	74, <b>000</b> 2 <b>00</b>	3.040	1.000°	0.550 0.550
JOHOLE THURSDAY TRADUIS COURSE.	21,560	3.000	2.830	3.448
SECTION TOTAL RESTRICT & SATISFACE	6,001	1.130	1.140	1.110
JURIAN PRESS POINTERN / ACRA'S	32,705	80.000	90.360	25,868
JORDAN PRESS I PERCENTING /AD-COMPOUN	3,136	3.600	9-480	10.180
SWITTED MIDDLE ENST 6 COMMUNICATE MOCKES	283, 667	3.340	3.340	3.250
ARAB DUTE, FOR DEVELOPEY & SPECIFICAL JORGAN TORRORD & CHEARTHES	75,643	3.410	3.400	3.770
ATTACON COURT MANAGEMENT	5,375	33,000	29.000	36.050
ATTRICTOR CONTY. MATERIAL MINISTRACTURING THE JOHNNY COMMY PACTORIES	12, 146 3, 465, <b>000</b>	3.150 3.120	3-120	3.000 3.370
JOHN PROBLET HIERA	7,610	3.710	3-720	3.700
JORDAN PRINCIPAL REPROSE	107,003	10.730	14.800	14.609
JOHOAN TRIPUNG	7,362	7.000	7.380	7.250
THE INCOMENSAL COMMENCIAL & MCRECULTURAL	780,509	7.616	7.680	7.210
THE JOHNAN MORETED MILLS	. 331,511	11.700	11.750	11.50#
MAR VERMUESUTICAL RESURACTIONS	600,174	4.040	W-050	0.430
JOHNAN CHRANCE THOUSTALES JOHNAN CASKY	63,337	7,600	7.000	7.600
THE JOSQUE PIPES MANUFACTURING	26,760	3.500	3.360	3.600 3.629
JOHNAN PAPER 5 CAMBOOMS PACTORIES	35,311 3,576	4.900	4.100	4.100
THE PORCE HERITAGE	3,575	3.750	3.005	7.700
ARIS CHERICAL DEFENDENTS INDUSTRIES	10,005	28,400	13.340	30.500
MAINTING & MAYAING	64,257	3.778	3.740	3.540
BORDON CLASE INDONESTES	32,763	0.496	0.200	0.430
DAY AT DAMP MALITAGEMENT & UNANGENEELD	476,460	17.100	17.000	16.700
WAY DANKED T DEBETTOOF AND	28,440	3-900	3.776	3.530
PART AND	600,923	10-100	10.100	*. 650
ANAB PAPIN COPPLETING 6 MADERS FORDAY RESOURCE CONFIDENCE	36,660	1.000	1.700	1.713
Wilder Strict Desired	3,297	5.650	5.736	6.33P 5.848
INTERNETATE PERSONNELL TERRETAIRS	60,000 17,337	3.776	3.700	3.696
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY O	11,771	3.500	3.660	3.500
CHIVETEN CHECKL INDUSTRIES	28,445	7.000	7.650	6.004
JORDAN INSUSTRIES & MATCH/JIECO		1.000	1.100	1.100
JOHNAN PRECAST CONCRETE CHOCKTHY	36,004	E.000	0.406	0.340
SATTORAL CARLE A WINE HARDYACTORIUS	610,700	8.000	9.400	8.150
JORGAN STEPRO-CHRITICALS	63,746	3.700	3.780	3,700
NAME OF STREET, A COUNTRY OF STREET	66,223	3.700	3.340	3.473
JORDAN MINGLEY CO. FOR AGRI. & POOD PROD.	13.351	1.670	1.608	1.686
Environ Investment	13,375	3.850	3.850	3-100

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COMPANT 'S ENLIS	THAD ING WOLDHE . JD	PREV. CLOSING PRICE	MOTICE CASHING	PRICE
Intral Central Tradition & Probable	7,610			
CHRISE ENDS SECULIARS	149,947			
HOUSE BAST FOR DEVI. 6 THANK CO. 30°	. 19,780			
CHORITAT THYRITATES TRVESHOUT MADIS	45,246			
DEPAN INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATES CO	126,206			
MINORAL CHLORIBE INDUSTRIES CO.LID		2.250		
ATHORAL TERRITOR ) PLANTICS THE . CO 737		1.630		
ONDAR HON CANCE CONTANT 75%	73,307			
ATTORAL MALTIFUL INDUSTRIES	362, 125	2.000	3.250	
Z-KAT BEADY WEAR MUSUPACTURED CO.	144,376	2.750	2,800	2.740

125,200

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3.620 3.650 5.660

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Cerrency	Mem York Clase Deb 22/9/93	Singapore Clase Dec 23/9/93
Sterling Pound	1.5185	1.5180
Deutsche Mark	1.6300	1.6297
Swigs Franc	1.4215	1.4215
French Franc	5-6755	5:6780**
Ispanese Yen	106.15	106.24
Suropean Curreny Unit	1.1670	1.1695**

'reclose #				Deter 23/	
Metal	USD/O2	JD/Gm*	Mctal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	353.85	7.00	Silver	4.06	0.090

	. Dech: 23/9/199	
Chrycacy	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dellar	0.6920	0.6940
Sterling Pound	1.0487	1.0539
Doutsche Mark	0.4238	0.4259
Swise Franc	0.4855	0.4879
French Franc	0.1217	0.1223
Japanese Yen*	0.6497	0.6529
Dutch Guilder	0.3773	0.3792
Swedish Kronn	0.0+00	****
Italian Lira*	0.0438	0.0440
Belgian Franc	*****	****

Other Currencles	Duce: 23/9/1993		
Currency	Bid	Offer	
Bahraini Diner	1.8130	1.8430	
Lebancee Lara*	0.039545	0.840825	
Saudi Riyal	0.1810	0.1860	
Korniti Dinar	2.2550	2.3200	
Qatari Riyal	0.1875	0.1892	
Egyptime Pound	0.2000	0.2280	
Omani Riyai	1.7640	1.8210	
UAE Dirham	0,1875	0.1892	
Greek Drackson	6.2895	0.3275	
Cyprict Peand	1.3770	1.4020	

## LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and hullion markets Friday.

T (00 T1	•	
J.S. \$1.00 costs	1.3190/00 1.6525/35	Canadian dollar Deutschemarks
•	1.8545/92-11	Dutch guilders
	1.4382/92	Swiss francs
	36.06/16	Belgian francs
	5.7400/00	French francs
	1595.0/7.0	Italian lire
	106,25/35	Japanese yen
	8.0870/70	Swedish crowns
	7.1970/70	Norwegian crowns
	6.6760/60	Danish crowns
one sterling	\$1,4985/95	
one conce of gold	<b>\$357.25/357.75</b>	

## Dollar seen reaching DM 1.85 and yen 95

group, Merrill Lynch - Dubai

Fundamental view: A soarp rise in the dollar in response to the political crisis in Russia could be reversed in coming days if Boris Yeltsin prevails. But longer-term business cycle and interest rate trends contioue lo favour rise in the dollar against European currencies. Japan's larger-than-expected 0.75 per cent cut m its official discount rate may help stabilise or weaken the yen in the near term, but a weak recovery in Japan will do little to curb the nation's hoge current account surplus. We maintain our 12-month forecasts for the dollar to reach DM 1.85 and yen 95.

Technical view: The U.S. dollar index fell 0.4 per ceot for the week ended September 17. Versus the six currencies we regularly monitor, the green back lost groundagainst those in Australia, Canada, and Japan. However, it was particularly weak against the latter curreocy. At this point, sentiment is at or near oversold readings as put/call ratios are at their most constructive levels in seven months. Short term momentum is quite oversold and appears to be turning op. This, plus the sentiment picture, suggests a good environment for a near term dollar rally. However (and despite the turmoil of recent days), medium term oscillators remain weak and would tend to suggest that any rally that does develop will be counter trend. With the index recently having marginally broken the 91.00-93.00 support band, the technical evidence would suggest that it is likely to fully test the May lows (just above 88.00) in coming weeks.

However, the oversold nature of the short term technical

dicators has positioned the index for a test of resistance at 92.00-93.00; a peoetration of that range would allow for second resistance above 94.00.

#### Japanese yen

Fundamental view: The yen weakened to the 106.7 level against the dollar on Sept. 21 in response to Russia's crisis and a larger-than-expected 0.75 per cent cut in Japan's official discount rate to an historic low of 1.75 per cent. We now expect the Bank of Japan to keep monetary policy on hold for an extended period - perhaps six months - as it monitors the response of the economy to recent fiscal and mooetary stimulus measures. Further easing next year cannot be ruled out if growth remains weak. The receotly anounced fiscal stimulus package of 6.15 trillion yen (1.3 per ceot of GNP) is expected to bave little impact on growth this year and only one balf or less than its face value oo growth next year. With private credit demand likely to remain weak, it is doubtful that Japan will grow fast enough next year to curb its buge external surplus.

Although the latest discount rate cul and the threat of Bank of

This report is submitted by Naser Nabulsi, private client Japan intervention should help the yen stabilise or weaken somewhal in the near term, persistent large current account surpluses should bring renewed upward pressure on the yen in 1994. We maintain our six - and 12-month forecasts for the yen/USD rate of 100 and 95 respectively.

Technical view: The Japanese yen rallied some 1.7 per cent against the U.S. dollar last week, thereby posting the largest week-to-week gain of any of the six currencies we regularly monitor. Sentiment readings for the currency have improve as out/call ratios are oversold and the Consensus Inc. survey is near oversold. Although the dominant long term trend remains up for the currency, mediom term momentum oscillators have had a downward bias for several weeks. Thus, even though short term indicators are now constructive, we think that the prospects for currency weakness in coming remain reasonably good. The potential for a test of second support at 110-112, therefore, have improved.

#### Deutsche mark

Fundamental view: The dollar moved up sharply to the DM 1.64 level oo Sept. 21 in response to the political crisis in Russia. The move could be reversed in coming days if Boris Yeltsin prevails in the current power struggle, as we expect. But longer-term economic and interest rate trends contioue to favour a strooger dollar against European currencies. We expect the Bundesbank to cootinue easing monetary policy this November and to bring short-term interest rates down 200 basis points or more over the next twelve months in response to Germany's recession. We view recent hopes that the German economy has bottomed as premature, especially against a backdrop of faltering income growth. We also expect the U.S. to grow at a 3.5 rate in the second half of this year, which should contrast favourably with Germany. We maintaio our six — and 12-month forecasts for the DM/USD rate at DM 1.80 and DM 1.85 respectively.

Technical view: The Deutschemark fell 1.1 per cent versus the

US dollar last week. However, put/call ratios are now overbought as are medium term sentiment surveys. The negative sentiment picture is bolstered by short term momentum, which was recently at its most overbought level since last September and appears to be reversing to the downside. This tends to support the weakness of the past few days, but the fact that short term oscillators do confirm the recent highs and that medium term momentum remains upwardly biased implies that higher currency highs are still indicated — short term weakness notwithstanding. In addition, the recent rally through 1.62 DM/U.S.\$ implies that a test of the twin peaks recorded last April and December in the

1.55-1.57 range is increasingly likely.

The reversal in recent days has carried the currency back to the 1.64 breakout point; this should provide important first support. with second support likely near 1.667 mark/yen cross-rate has

held well above the 62-64 trading range - moving to - and has done so with solid short and medium term inc While the possibility of a retest of the recent low still exis probabilities of such a test have weakened. Support in the low out appears to be fairly strong. Significant chart resistance remains at

#### Pound sterling

Fundamental view: The pound weakened against the dollar in recent trading to the U.S./1.51 level amid Russia's political crisis. We continue to think the fundamentals point to a weaker pound versus the dollar, as U.K. interest rates decline further along other European interest rates. While we look for interest rates io the U.K. to decline by 50 basis points in the near term, they will probably oot fall hy as much as German rates over the next 12 months. Recessionary conditions in Germany and expectations of further cuts io official German ioterest rates should be a fundamental force pushing the pound higher against the DM. The pound should also get a boost as the expansion in the U.K. gains

Recent economic indicators are consistent with around 2 per cent growth this year and we expect real GDP growth to accelerate next year to 3.2 per cent. Based on expectations for lower German interest rates and a growth differential that favours the U.K., we expect the pound to move toward the DM/12.60 level. But based oo our 12-month target rate of DM/US\$ 1.85, the pound should weaken further against the dollar to the \$1.41 level.

Technical view: The British pound fell 1.4 per cent against the U.S. dollar last week. Although sentiment is currently viewed as a negative, the recent breakout above a long standing tradiog range at 1.47-1.52 U.S./B.P. (which is now viewed as support) has potentially improved the currency's medium to longer term prospects. At the least, the recent strength to near \$1.56 confirmed as it was by both short and medium term momentum implies that this area of resistance will be broken in coming weeks and will pave the way for a challenge of important long term resistance at \$1.585-\$1.60.

If this \$.015 band is decisively broken, a case can be made that a long term base will then be in place. It is reasonable to suggest, therefore, that \$1.60 is as important to the currency as resistance as \$1.40 is to it as sopport.

Versus the DM, sterling has been weak since late July with the cross-rate moving from its high just below 2.59 to a recent low near important support at 2.45. Short term momentum has not confirmed these lows, allowing for the possibility of a rally back to perhaps 2.52-2.54. However, medium term momentum remains weak, and any such rally will likely be short lived. Lower lows, therefore, are still expected over the medium term — short term strength notwithstanding.

*DANZA5* 

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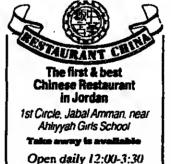
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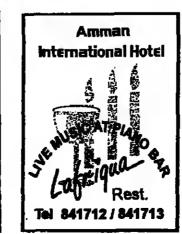
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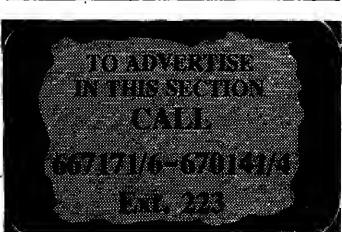


OSRAM









WE'RE TRYING TO OFFER THE BEST

## **Froatia tells U.N. peacekeepers** disarm Serbs or pull out

.N. Secretary-General \_s Ghali, has insisted that United Nations peacekeepers either disarm Serb rebels holding a third of the republic or pull out.

"We must express our dissatisfaction with Dr. Ghali's report because he is accepting the U.N.'s inability to implement the peace plan," Croatian Foreign Minister Mate Granic told hte Croatian parhament Thursday.

The Croatian cabinet decided that unless the mandate of the U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR) was changed it would not be extended when it expires on Sept. 30, and nearly 10.000 peacekeepers would have to leave by then end of November.

Dr. Ghali said this week that UNPROFOR's mission in Croatia should be extended by six months. The Security Council is expected to uphold his recommendation.

He had rebuffed Zagreb's demand for tough UNPRO-FOR action to disarm the Serbs — tantamount to turning the peacekeepers into an intervention force — to speed the return of Serb-held land to

Croatian sovereignty.
"UNPROFOR has not ful-filled its basic tasks," Mr. Granic said.

"No control has been established in the occupied zones of Croatia, not one expelled Croat has been returned home,

TBILISI, Georgia (Agencies)

— Georgian leader Eduard

Shevardnadze said government

troops were breaking through

separatist Abkhazian military

positions and could end a rebel

siege of the local capital, Sukhumi, within hours.

before our forces come in from

town," the Georgian leader told local television from

Sukhumi, in an upbeat assess-

ment of the military situation,

Three Georgian airliners

have been destroyed in three

days as government forces and

rebels battled over the Black

Sea port. The attacks have cost

dozens of lives and put in

heading resistance

late Thursday.

of vandalism.

"We need a few more hours

east and arrive in

and the heaviest weaponry is still (in Serb) control, used daily for attacks on Croatian towns and villages," he said. UNPROFOR Commander General Jean Cot said his force

would not resist if Croatia did not want its presence: "If one party does not wish us to remain I don't see how we can." Under pressure from encirc-

ling Muslim troops, Croat forces in central Bosnia threatened to cut power supplies to Sarajevo, where the mainly Muslim parliament meets next Tuesday to debate the latest peace plan to end the

The session was called by Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic after shipboard talks in the Adriatic Sea between leaders of the three warring factions and international mediators failed to reach

agreement on a peace accord.

A U.N. relief convoy reached the Bosnian city of Mostar Friday and began unloading urgent supplies to both the Croat and Muslim populations, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said.

The nine-truck convoy, only the fourth to reach the city since Aug. 25 due to intense fighting, was carrying 92 tonnes of food and medicine, a UNHCR spokesman told Reuters in Geneva.

Earlier Croatian radio reported heavy fighting in the south-west Bosnia city, where Croats are besieging the Mus-

Shevardnadze counts hours till Sukhumi siege ends

lim quarter, and this was preventing aid getting through to both sides.

"The convoy got into Mostar today." UNHCR spokesman Fernando Del Mundo said in response to an inquiry. "The shelling eased off today and they are unloading now in both the Croat and Muslim sec-

He said 51 tonnes of food and medical supplies were being given to the Muslim quarter and 41 tonnes to the Croats.

An international airlift, interrupted for two days earlier this week, also dropped 49.2 tonnes of food and medicine over Mostar Thursday night, according to the UNHCR. The United Nations said

Thursday that the bodies of 66 Serbs, many of them charred and dismembered, had been recovered after a Croatian government army incursion into a

rebel Serh enclave. UNPROFOR Civil Affairs Director Cedric Thornberry said many of the hodies appeared to have been civilians but confirmation was not immediately possible because they were in such dreadful

Serb forces threaten to avenge the grisly harvest from the Sept. 9 Croatian offensive into the Krajina enclave by evicting the last significant ethnic Croat community still

hving undisturbed there. UNPROFOR soldiers recovered 14 bodies and the Croa-

tian army returned the rest to the Serbs after handing over the U.N. control three villages seized in a Croatian thrust over a U.N. ceasefire line into Kra-

jina's Medak pocket. "The corpses were in terri-ble condition — hurned, charred, hacked and so forth," Mr. Thornberry told reporters at UNPROFOR Headquarters in

the Croatian capital Zagreb. He said the Krajina Serb military command believed at least 30 of the bodies were civilians. UNPROFOR had launched

an investigation and would notify humanitarian agencies of the findings. U.N. officials say Croatian

forces razed most buildings in the villages before withdrawing from the fringes of the mountainons enclave near the Adriatic coast.

Two British and a French soldier, serving with the UN-PROFOR, have been wounded in separate incidents in central Bosnia and Sarajevo, an UNPROFOR spokesman said

Two Britons were hit by shrapnel from a mortar round Thursday as they monitored fighting hetween Bosnian Croat and government forces near Dubravica, in the centre of the republic, Lieutenant-Colonel Bill Aikman told a news briefing.

One of the men was slightly injured in the arm, the other received a severe wound to the neck, he said.



A general view of leaders and deputies of the 10 former Soviet republics at the start of the

Commonwealth of Independent States summit in Moscow Friday (AFP photo)

## Yeltsin thanks CIS leaders for support; vows to maintain order

MOSCOW (AFP) — President Boris Yeltsin thanked CIS teaders gathered at a summit Friday for their "support and solidarity" in his stand-off with Russia's hardline parliament and vowed to maintain public order, ITAR-TASS News

Agency said.
The heads from the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) had gone ahead with a meeting at the Kremin to create an economic union despite the tension in Moscow triggered by Mr. Yeltsin's dissolution of the conservative

legislature Tuesday.
During Friday's session. Azerbaijan became an official member of the Commonwealth when its president, Geidar Aliyev, signed the CIS treaty at a Kremlin ceremony, the agency said.
"Although truly unusual me-

asures have been taken in recent days, I assure you that public order will be maintained in Moscow and in Russia," he told heads of the former Soviet

"Do not worry," said Mr. Yeltsin. Earlier Friday, he had ordered security forces to disarm his opponents as the government increased pressure on members of the renegade

Soviet leader Mikhail Gor-

to Italy in order to return to

He told reporters that the

negative process launched by

Mr. Yeltsin had to be halted.

that he would leave Italy after

On Wednesday, announcing

Moscow.

ROME (Agencies) - Former calm.

voted in an emergency nighttime session to impeach Mr. Yeltsin. The president thanked the

legislature to abandon the par-

liament building where they

leaders for their "solidarity and support for the measures taken recently to protect the ideals of democracy and civil peace in Russia," ITAR-TASS

Leaders from all the CIS nations have supported Mr. Yeltsin's decision to dissolve the legislature, dominated by former Communists, and call general elections in December.

Mr. Yeltsin said the CIS meeting Friday was of "critical importance" and demons-trated the "will 10 move forward together on the road towards reforms and to strengthen the commonwealth."

**ITAR-TASS** meanwhile said that nine of the CIS heads had initialled an agreement in principle to create an economic union. The CIS heads of state were expected to sign it at the Kremlin later Friday.

The CIS leaders from Armenia, Azerhaijan, Belarus, Kazakistan, Kyrgyzstan, Rus-sia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan, were meeting behind closed doors at

Although Mr. Gorhachev in-

once the West's higgest Com-

munist Party as a possible

Italy's renamed Democratic

Party of the Left (PDS), hailed

Mr. Gorbachev as a great re-

former and said it would be a

pity to lose the contribution of

such a man at a moment when

Russia was torn between two

At present, the advocates of

capitalism and "those who

want the return of the old

Stalinist apparatus" were fight-

extreme positions.

Achille Occhetto, head of

alternative leader for Russia.

Gorbachev renews attack on Yeltsin

the Kremlin. Leaders from Moldova whose parliament has refused to ratify membership of the CIS - were also present.

Georgia, which up to now has refused to join the CIS, was attending as an observer. A member of the Kussian Governmental Committee for Relations With the CIS was quoted as saying that Azerbai-

jan, Armenia, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Mol-dova, Russia, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan had initialled the economic agreement. The most independentminded republics. Turkmenistan and Ukraine, were planning to become associate mem-

bers of the economic union, None of the participants has said he would meet Russian Vice President Alexander Rutskoi, who was named acting president by the parliament in a hid to set up a parailel government.

The economic situation in all the former Soviet republics has deteriorated seriously since the hreakup of the Soviet Union and many members have become heavily indebted to Mos-

dent Boris Yeltsin against his

"The situation is difficult.

The vast majority of officers

are adopting 'wait-and-see'

ions," he told Reuters by tele-

phone from the fleet's head-

of the August coup. At that

time, the fleet became a hos-

tage to the political battles in

Moscow. The positions now is

operating normally, subordin-

are to the presidents of both

Ukraine and Russia pending

the transfer to Russian juris-

diction as the two leaders

agreed in principle earlier this

did not recognise Russian

Vice-President Alexander

Rutskoi's claim to the pres-

idency after Mr. Yeltsin dis-

solved the country's parlia-

ment Tuesday.
In Kiev, Defence Minister

Kostyantyn Morozov also said

Ukraine did not recognise Mr.

Yeltsin's conservative rivals.

But he said the former Soviet

republic had to strengthen its

two defence ministers in Rus-

sia. I know only of Pavel

Grachev," Mr. Morozov said

after welcoming British De-fence Secretary Malcolm Rif-

But the situation in Russia

is dangerous. I have always

said we must strengthen our

borders and he prepared to

"I do not believe there are

Formally, he said, the fleet

Grachev said the fleet was

This reflects the experience

quarters in Sevastopol.

double-edged."

month.

borders.

rebel vice-president.

#### Man with no flight training crashiands plane

PHOENIX (AP) - Marthew Komblum had sat in at the controls of an airplane before. but never at night and never with the pilot unconscious. On Thursday, he found himself in that position, and walked away from a crash landing. "Definitely an E tocket ride," the 34-year-old said, referring to the pass Disneyland used to sell for its most exciting attractions. "It's just something you have to do when you're in a do or-die situation. Mr. Korn-hlum flew the Cessna 182, a four-seater, for about 15 minutes after the pilot had a fatal seizure, and brought the plane into Flagstaff's Pulliam Airport without benefit of runway lights or help from the tower. which was closed at the time. Mr. Kornblum, an electrical engineer from Charlotte, N.C., has never had a flying lesson but said Mr. Graham and other pilots have allowed him to take the controls several times. "I've had maybe 10 hours at the stick," Mr. Kornblum said. "I'm really glad I've paid attention." Kornhlum and 59-year-old Billy Graham were returning to Flagstaff from a husiness trip to Kayenta, about 130 miles (210 kmg) away. when Graham conviused and passed out, Mr. Kornhlum said. He propped Graham up and took over the controls.

# Sex offender

LONDON (AFP) - A 59year-old mental patient who admits sexually abusing children since his adolescence is on a hunger strike secking castration, but doctors and lawyers disagree on the legality of such surgery. According to the case outlined in the British Medical Journal (BJM), the man identified as only Mr. X says he cannot control his behaviour and would continue to abuse children unless castrated. He has threatened to castrate himself, as well as to commit suicide, and is currently on a hunger strike in a mental hospital to force doctors to perform the operation. Doctors at the hospital have proposed chemical castration - drugs which block production of the male hormone Testosterone and thus reduce or eliminate his sex drive. But he has refused, saying the solution would not be permanent, according to the article. Mr. K. began abusing children when he was in school, and continued after his marriage when he molested his own children. said the article. He was imprisoned several times, for up to 10 years, but continued the abuse each time he was released, it said. Doctors are reticient about castrating him, claiming British law is vague on the subject and that they could be accused of assault, said the BJM. If they refuse, however. they could be held liable for

#### seeks castration; doctors refuse

any future offenses he com-

Sculpture gets

WASHINGTON (API - For

its due

years, she was perched way up high, in a niche over a stairway in the U.S. embassy in Rome. Dust and grime had settled into her pores and those who saw her were too far away to notice the sweetness of her smile or the sensuous curve of her back. Now the Cesarini Venus, a divine marble nude by the 16th century Medici court sculptor Giambologna, is getting her moment in the light. She goes on display Sunday in the National Gallery of Art after months of loving restoration. In the centre of a large, airy gallery, she now glows -- a delicate, smaller than-life goddess, nonchalantly drying herself after a bath. Her surface, once soiled hy centuries-old hird droppings and rust, is now milky white. There is room to walk around her and see her from all sides something Giambologna must have intended. "The experience of the real thing is astonishing. said Anthony Radcliffe, keeper emeritus of London's Victoria and Albert Museum and a Giambologna scholar. "This is the moment in which it actually takes its place in art history." The statue is one of the last efforts of the Flemish-born sculptor, who went to Italy for training and never returned. He spent his career trying to capture the female nude, and the Venus is thought to be his finest effort.

#### doubt the remaining link between Sukhumi and Georgian Mr. Shevardnadze said earlier that troop reinforcements mr. Shevardnadze, personal-

had boosted the city's defences Georgian forces were' the week-long rebel attack on breaking through the rebel Sukhumi, has denounced the blockade from the direction of attacks as "unprecedented acts Ochamchira, 60 kilometres to the southeast. "Our forces are showing full

Ahkhazian rebel officials, contacted by telephone from

Moscow, said Sukhumi was now cut off from sea, land and air supply routes. The Georgian military had been prevented from bringing in supplies, they said.

But a defiant Shevardnadze said Georgian forces had begun clearning the outskirts of Sukhumi of rebel forces.

"These cleaning up operations in the town are going on successfully. (Ahkhazian) bands are being liquidated," he said, adding that there were casualties on both sides.

Although the airport had been closed and telephone lines cut, the former Soviet foreign minister said: "The most important thing is there has been a turning point in our

hattle-readiness. They are

mer prince, who was ascending

the throne for the second time

in his life, told the holy witnes-

ses, U.N. officials, members of

the National Assembly and the

diplomatic corps assembled in

the throne hall of the royal

traditional white tunics, black

stockings and knickers-style

pants made of purple silk.

The Cambodians all wore

The radical Khmer Rouge,

who have been waiting on the

fringes of the Cambodian poli-

tical scene threatening to

mount another civil war, are

the only problem remaining to

be solved in Cambodia, King

Sihanouk said. He will chair a

round-table discussion to de-

cide their fate in November.

to resolve that problem," he

said. "It remains the only

The king took the throne

shortly after the Throne Coun-

cil, set up by the constitution

he signed in a morning cere-

mony, voted unanimously to make him king. Prince Ranariddh, one of

the seven members of the

council, sought to allay fears

"We are going to do our best

pushing ahead successfully from Ochamchira and getting ever closer to Sukhumi," he said in remarks made on a military radio link and broadcast on national radio.

Defence Ministry officials in Thilisi said Georgian forces pushing towards Sukhumi were having to fight all the way. But they said Georgian forces had taken the key villages of Akhaldava and Adzhubzha, on the way towards the capital.

Reopening a land supply route to Ochamchira would a breakthrough for the Georgians, who have suffered cruelly from a lack of tanks and

A spokesman for the secessionist side, reached hy telephone in the rebel stronghold of Gudauta, said the Ahkhazians now controlled the hills above the Black Sea city and its defenders were at the mercy of their artillery.

"The Georgians now have no reason to continue to rethe spokesman quoted the Abkhaz "defence minister", Sultan Sosnaliyev, as

to the 1960s when the autocra-

tic King Sihanouk ruled with-

out tolerance to opposition.

told reporters following the

"The fact is, you have to

study our constitution, and you

will find it very democratic.

The promulgation of the

constitution and naming of

Prince Ranariddh and Mr.

Hun Sen as co-premiers offi-

cially ended the U.N. mandate

They immediately took their

oaths of office in front of the

crowd, following the sounding

of conch-shell horns and the

sacred gong held hy two elephant tusks, and offerings

to Buddha of roast pigs heads,

Speaking earlier before a corwd of 4,000 on the grassy

lawn in front of the royal

palace, the Cambodian leader

had called the constitution a

'masterpiece" of democracy.

today, our beloved Cambodia

and people possess the most

liberal constitution which

places our country in the hanks

"It is indisputable that as of

ducks, fruits and incense.

very liberal," he said.

council's decision.

in Cambodia.

saying.
The Abkhazians, who launched an offensive against Sukhumi on Sept. 16, shattering a Russian-brokered cease-fire, have said they will provide a land corridor for Georgian forces to withdraw if they sur-

Meanwhile, former Geor-gian President Zviad Gamsakhurdia, driven from power in January 1992, arrived by plane at the military airport of Senaki in southwest Georgia, supporters contacted by telephone from Tbilisi said Friday.

They said he was to go Saturday to Zugdidi, in his stronghold of the Mingrelia region of Georgia.

His return to the country came as forces of Mr. Shevardnadze continued to hattle separatists in Sukhumi.

Mr. Gamsakhurdia, elected head of state of Georgia in May 1991. seven months before the Soviet Union disabanded, fled the republic in January 1992 after a short civil

## Buthelezi calls on Zulus to fight

JOHANNESBURG (AFP) --Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi called Friday on Zulus 10 fight the Transitional Executive Council (TEC) adopted by the South African parliament to give hlacks a say for the first time in running the govern-

The leader of the Zulubased Inkatha Freedom Party (IFP) told a rally north of Durban that the TEC, voted Thursday in Cape Town, would allow "foreigners" to rule his Kwazulu homeland.

The TEC bill establishes multi-party councils to oversee government in the run-up to South Africa's first non-racial poll, scheduled for April 27. Mr. Buthelezi has said the IFP will not participate in the TEC, which is expected to be dominared by the IFP's birrer rival, the African National Congress

(NP). In terms of the legislation, the TEC will be empowered to ensure a level political playing field throughout South Africa, including Kwazulu.

(ANC), and President F. W.

De Klerk's National Party

"If we allow the TEC to take over the running of Kwazulu. then we are saying it is okay to allow foreigners to rule over us," Mr. Buthelezi said. "This no patriotic Zulu can ever

"We must be prepared to fight for our freedom and the right to rule over ourselves."

#### six days instead of the eight programmed, he described Mr. Yeltsin's decision the day before to dissolve the Russian parliament on the grounds of obstructionism as "senseless and unconstitutional." Meetings with Pope John Paul II and Italian President Oscar Luigi Scalfaro scheduled for Friday were moved forward to Thursday.

He warned then: "I am very worried about what is happening in Russia, because instead of moving forward towards democracy, we are in the middle of setting a dangerous and negative precedent, in which we can toss aside the constitu-

tion any time we like." Mr. Gorhachev has accused Mr. Yeltsin of planning to rig elections set for December.

"Yeltsin will have all the finances and the media under his control," he told reporters. "How can elections be fair in such circumstances? It's bad for democracy...

. The promise of also holding presidential elections in June 1994 was not enough, Mr. Gorbachev added.

Mr. Gorbachev has also said the dissolution could lead to a dangerous split in the armed forces and has appealed for

#### ing over Russia, Mr. Occhetto But the victory of the former Communists in last weekend's Polish general elections showed those who only believed in the savage laws of the market were doomed. "These events justify the ideas of Gorhachev and the Democratic Left." Mr.

bachev renewed his criticism of sits he has no amhition to Russian President Boris Yelt return to power the received a sin Friday as he boarded a public endorsement Thursday plane here cutting short a visit from the head of what was

Occhetto said. "I wish him success in his battle and hope he will go a long way in Russia." the Italian opposition leader said. Meanwhile, officers of the

Black Sea Fleet, who hacked the failed conspirators in the 1991 Kremlin coup, are playing a waiting game in the latest power struggle in Moscow, a top naval official said. Colonel Andrei Grachev,

the fleet's spokesman, said officers were hedging their bets to ensure they did not again back the wrong side in the struggle pitting Russian Presi-

#### defend our country regardless of events in neighbouring

kind to Kiev.

He was then due to fly to

Democrats and Republicans

Mr. Clinton was due to play host to a pep raily on the White House back lawn at mid-

afternoon for 2,000 people involved in the health care process using the momentum created by his nationally televised speech to step up a publicity crusade begun about a week

Tampa, Florida, for an evening town meeting being televised countrywide. Cabinet officers fanned out

across the country to try to convince Americans Mr. Clinton's proposals are worthwhile. Early public opinion polls showed the president had struck a chord with Americans. An ABC-Washington Post telephone poll conducted just

after the speech found 56 per cent three days earlier, while 24 per cent disapproved. The rest said they had no opinion. "All things being equal we

couldn't have hoped for a better day," said White House spokeswoman Dee Dee Myers,

But there was plenty of grumbling in political circles to signal Mr. Clinton's proposal to create America's first mandatory universal health care system will face plenty of challenges and proposed changes as it grinds through a long legislative process.

Mr. Clinton has yet to give

#### Sihanouk ascends Cambodian throne PHNOM PENH (AFP) my father will do like before." citizens," the 70-year-old for-Prince Ranariddh, in reference

palace.

Cambodia's Norodom Sihanouk signed a new constitution and became king Friday in elaborate ceremonies replete with conch shell borns, roast pig head offerings and a multitiered royal umbrella. King Sihanouk's first act was

to name his son, Prince Norodom Ranariddh, and the former Communist Premier Hun Sen, as the two co-prime ministers of the newly sovereign Kingdom of Cambodia, ending the U.N. peacekeeping mandate. "From now on, Cambodia will have stability," Prince Ranariddh said.

The crown and royal sword were stolen during the Communist Khmer Rouge's ruthless reign in Cambodia, so King Sihanouk chose to have the multi-tiered royal umbrella - suspended over the gilded throne adorned with fruit, candies and other offerings to Buddha - as the symbol of the monarchy

King Sihanouk did not physically sit on the throne, but instead placed sacred banyan tree leaves behind his left ear to signify his ascension.

"I swear I will follow the constitution and all the laws of the kingdom, and take all actions in the interests of its

of the most authentically the king would have too much democratic countries of the "A lot of people are afraid world." he said.

problem.

MANILA (AP) — Imelda Marcos, who became an international symbol of extravagance during her husband's long reign over the Philippines, was convicted of corruption Finday and sentenced to at least 18 years in prison.

The Philippine court also barred Mrs. Marcos — a onetime presidential candidate who still enjoys a large following here — from ever holding public office. It was the first time any

court has convicted the widow

of former leader Ferdinand Marcos on a crime connected with the corruption during her husband's 20 years in office. The government is still trying to recover most of the

Mrs. Marcos convicted, sentenced to jail estimated \$10 hillion it says was embezzled during his rule.

"The verdict just goes to show that the justice system in the Philippines is working." deputy presidential press Secretary Honesto Isleta said. Senior prosecutor Aniano Disierto said the conviction "should serve as a very strong deterrent against any high gov-

ernment official who may use his position to promote interests. Mrs. Marcos and former Transport Minister Jose Dans were found guilty of two charges of entering into "unfavourable" contracts involving the government-run com-

muter rail line and the Philip-

pine General Hospital Founda-

to 12 years for each charge and must serve at least 18 years. court officials said. Both are free on bail, and Mrs. Marcos lawyer said she would appeal.

Mrs. Marcos clutched a black rosary and bowed her head slightly as the clerk of the three-judge Sandiganbayan Court, which tries official corruption cases, read the verdict to a courtroom packed with supporters and journalists.

ing red shirts and carrying pla-

cards reading "Imelda Marcos

not guilty," surged forward to-

ward the gates of the court

when they heard the verdict

over a loudspeaker.

They were sentenced to nine

he said. About 150 supporters, wear-Meanwhile, the ANC and

the white right-wing Afrikaner Volksfront (AVF) said Friday they had held "encouraging" discussions over their vastly different visions for a future South Africa.

## Clinton presses blitz for health plan

WASHINGTON (R) - President Bill Clinton and his cahinet Thursday threw themselves into a public relations hitz promoting a U.S. health care reform scheme that is drawing fire from major insurance and drug companies.

alike commanded Mr. Clinton for getting the health care debate off to a good start with an impassioned speech to a joint session of Congress Wednes-

But there was also plenty of criticism from both parties for the president's proposal to guarantee every American a comprehensive package of medical henefits "that can never he taken away."

specifics of the financing of his proposal. He said Wednesday night that increased taxes on tohacco products, savings in Federal Medicare and Medicaid health care programmes for the elderally and poor and elimination of fraud and ahuse would pay for whatever is not financed by employer and employee premium payments.

del in life

# Al Jazireh crowned women's basketball champions

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

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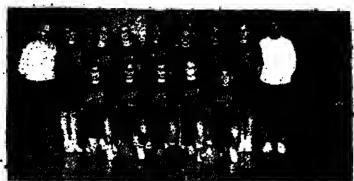
AMMAN — Al Jazireh Thursday proved that their recent win over titleholders Al Orthodoxi was no mistake, when they scored a most precious 65-59 victory to clinch the women's basketball title ending an undisputed 3-year reign by Al Orthodoxi.

It was a tense game for both teams, especially in the first half, but Al Orthodoxi's players felt greater pressure as they bad to win by over 7 points to retain the title. (Al Jazireh had won the first round match 65-58).

Al Orthodoxi, who bad become accustomed to defeating all teams by a minimum margin of 20 points, this year learned, the hard way, that nothing can be taken for granted.

Althoiugh Al Orthodoxi led throughout most of the first half, Al Jazireh were too determined to add, the women's title to the under-14 and under-16 titles of the boys team. Despite Al Orthodoxi's Lara Masri-Al Naber's admirable efforts to score and assist her teammates, Al Jazireh proved that "practice makes perfect" as they took home the Kingdom's 1993 women's basketball title.

The titlebolders led 14-11 after 9 consecutive points by Masri-Al Naber.



The new champions — Al Jazireh

Al Jazireh's Tamara Al Khadra sank in a threepointer but Al Orthodoxi kept their lead at 18-14. Masri-Al-Naber again scored another 9 consecutive points to expand her team's lead to 27-20. Meanwhile Al Jazireh regained their concentration as Suhair Al Mackusi, Rana Al Husseini, and Rania Al Dajani scored, but Al. Orthodoxi still led 31-25 before winning the first balf

Al Jazireh's Husseini and Dajani scored to give their. team its first lead at 37-34 at the beginning of the second half when they also adapted

**Jazireh** 

Orthodoxi

Abo Nusair

a tighter defence of the zone area, to secure defensive as well as offensive rebounding. This effectively hindered

any scoring attempts by Al Orthodoxi whose scoring was limited to Jihan Abdul Noor while Masri-Al Naber was Al Jazireh scored a three-

pointer by Dajani and Jumana Al Salti added a score to give her team a 47-43 lead. eam Captain Tala Al Mange assisted her teammates through screens and rebounding while Al Ortho-doxi's Abdul Noor scored 4 consecutive points, but Al

the regrouping of the women's national team back in January. Women's teams **FINAL STANDINGS** now hope that the competition not be confined to the Pts 12 10 once-a-year two-week-long 444 189 championship, and that the national team soon begins 475 training to prepare for npcoming regional competi-

Sydney win 2000 Olympics MONTE CARLO (R) — Sydney beat Beijing by just two votes of Thursday night

after a dramatic contest to stage the 2000 Olympics

But in the moments just before International Olympic Committee (IOC) President Juan Antonio Samaranch announced the decision to a global television audience many Chinese thought their capital had been chosen.

Their confusion stemmed from the fact that Samaranch opened his remarks by reading out the five competing eities in English in alphabetical order and named Beijing first. The other contenders were Berlin, Istanbul and Manchester, which all went out in the first

round of voting. The crowd at the official Olympic gala in Beijing cheered and waved flags when they thought they had won. The crowd of about 1,400 in a plush convention centre went wild, smoke machines poured out mist and a lion dance was per-formed to the sound of fiercec-

But the mistake became clear as the giant television screen in the centre showed scenes of crowds revelling in

In Sydney, early Friday night turned into day on the waterfront — with the famous Opera House as a backdrop — as fireworks ex-ploded in celebration just seconds after the IOC announced its 45-43 vote. Police said crowds swelled

to 60,000 wben the announcement came across giant television screens at 4.28 a.m. Friday (1828 GMT Thursday).

A roar of delight echoed around Sydney Harbour and young Australians danced with abandon.

Australian IOC member Phil Coles said in Monte Carlo the ballot had gone to four rounds of voting — the max-imum possible with five. candidates — Berlin, Istan-bul and Manchester were the others — in the race. "I'm flabbergasted, it's

fantastic, it was very close, we went right down to the final round of voting," Coles Australian National Olym-

pic Committee President John Coates said in Monte trailed Beijing, adding: "But we won on technical merit,



meed that Sydney's bid won right to host the 2000 Olympics (AFP photo)



Sydney Mayor Frank Sartor (centre) and IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch sign the documents naming Sydney host to the 2000 Olympics (AFP photo)

which 1 always thought we would."

As members of the Sydney delegation exploded with joy, the Beijing delegation looked dumbstruck and left without

speaking.
Wei Jizhong, secretarygeneral of the Beijing bid
committee, said later: "I'm very disappointed, but I'd like to congratulate Sydney." Asked if China had not invested too much national pride in its bid, he said: "I think the other side did the

Australian Prime minister Paul Keating was in Monaco tion's moment of triumph. "Australia won tonight,

that's the most important thing. This should be a great confidence-huilder for Australia. It shows we can hack it in the big swim," said Keating. The might of China's prop-

aganda machine, backed by a population of 1.2 billion, had installed Beijing as favourites ahead of Sydney in the week before the IOC vote. But the IOC chose to live

up to its own ideals of putting the athletes first by awarding the games to Sydney — the city with unquestionably the hest facilities

A vote for Beijing would ever taken by the IOC and would have resulted in argu-

ably the most difficult seven years in the century since the modern Olympic movement

Beijing had gone all-out in the run-up to the vote to counter opposition to its hid by U.S. and European politi-

But the release of political prisoners, a promise to allow foreign inquiry team to investigate human rights con-ditions, a short-lived threat to boycott the Atlanta Games in 1996 and even a spate of world records by Chinese runners all failed to win over the IOC.

The IOC decision was welcomed by human rights lob-hyists in Monte Carlo. Richard Dicker, spokesman for the U.S. based Human Rights Watch, said: "This decision puts the Chinese leadership on notice that they will pay a price for the continued ouse of their own citizens.

"Until they cease widespread torture, arbitrary imprisonment and religious persecution, the Chinese government will be denied the international approhation they seek," he added.
Almost as if he knew the

outcome in advance, Austra-lian IOC Vice-President Kevan Gosper was grinning broadly when he was introduced at the honr-long. announcement ceremony at the Louis II Stadium in

## Bint Nouranieh, Jerash "supreme champions" at Arabian Horse Show

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The 4th Arabian Horse festival concluded Friday with Bint Nouranich and Jerash winning the titles of Middle East Supreme

Bint Nouranieh is owned by Qatar's Sheikh Nawaf Ben Nasser Ai Thani while Jerash is owned by Her Royal Highness Princess Zem Bint Al Hussein. Princess Alia Bint Al Hus-

sein attended Friday's activitics, along with Prince Hashem, Princesses Zein, Raya, and Iman, Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad and Princess Rahmeh Bint Al Hassan. Over 200 horselovers also

attended the final day of the horse show, held as part of the 4th annual Arabian Horse Festival which also included the 2nd Middle East Championship. The 5-day festival also in-

cluded a judging course, a course in natural therapy, in addition to the Kingdom's first race fielding purebred Arabian horses. One of the main aims of

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

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NORTH

∳KJ VA3

•10 • 6 6 3 • Q 7 2 □ J 9 4 □ Q 6 7 6 ○ A 5 2 ○ J 4 3

SOUTH

3 Q 6

4 A K 8 7

in anything more than game. That

WEST

Both vulnerable. South deals.

♦ K 10 9 8 7

♣ Q J 10

# 6 5 4 2 EAST

Princess Alia Bint Al Hassein

looked like a cakewalk, since the combined count was at least 27

West's ten of spades lead was cov-ered by the jack and queen and ducked by declarer. The spade re-

turn went to dummy's king, and a diamond was led to declarer's queen.

high-card points.

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

SAVE THAT ENTRY



1st place: <u>Bint Nouranieh</u>, owned by Sheikh Nawaf of

2nd place: Anasheed, owned by Qatar's Al Shaqab

The turning point in the game came after the 8th mi-

nute as Al Orthodoxi's shots

lacked accurate finishing. Al

Jazireh took advantage of

this to outscore their oppo-

nents 11-2, depending on

teamwork to take a comman-

The 1992 titleholders

seemed to give up and team

captain Masri-Al Naber again

carried the burden of scoring

to narrow the gap but Al

Jazireh had already secured a

wide lead and went on to win

defeating Abu Nusair 78-33

(35-16).
Al Jazireh bad first joined

the women's competition in

1991 when they finished third

after Homentmen, Ahli and

Orthodoxi. They elinched third piace from Homentmen

last year. Homentmen missed the competition this year be-

cause of the absence of many

of their players, while a new

team, Abn Nusair joined the

Federation (JBF) announced

The Jordan Basketball

Al Ahli finished third after

ding 61-49 lead.

the match 68-59.

Class 10 Mares fooled 1982-1988

1st place: Taifah, owned by. Qutar's Sheikh Nawaf 2nd place: Countess Crystal, owned by Jordan's Jaafar

Class 11 Mares fooled before 1982

1st place: A.K. Fanniya, owned by H. Al Nakeeb of 2nd place: Carazina, owned by Jordan's S. Kheir.

Class 12 stallions fooled in 1989

1st place: Jood, owned by Royal Jordanian State Stud 2nd place: R.A. Tarinka, owned by M. Nsheiwat of

Class 13 stallions foaled 1986-1988

1st place: Imran, owned by Imran Stud of Jordan 2nd place: Hilal El Eid. owned by Royal Jordanian State Stud

Class 14 stallions fooled in 1981-1985

1st place: Jerash, owned by Princess Zein Bint Al Hussein 2nd place: Imperial Injah, owned hy Qatar's Sheikh Nawaf

## Kasparov impressed with Short in 8th game

LONDON (R) — World chess champion Garry Kasparov confessed that he had escaped from a seemingly lost position Thursday in the eighth game of his title defence against hrilliant play from Britisb challen-

ger Nigel Short. The players were in agreement that Short, playing white, missed at least two chances to score his first win of the event. Kasparov, 30, leads the 24-game series 6-2 after four wins and four draws and needs only a 12-12 tie to retain the . crown.

For the fourth time in a row

when playing these colours,

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the opening was the inutually dangerous Najdorf Variation of the Sicilian Defence. Kasparov replied to Short's

obvious aggression with a provocative stance that forced the challenger to choose between many tempting but risky ways to sacrifice materials for a

possible mating attack. Shrot, 28, set the stage for what experts agreed was one of the most exciting title games in memory by sacrificing two rooks - one of the strongest pieces on the board — in order to smoke out and hunt the champion's king.

Even Kasparov was enthu-astie about the daring and "Short found all the right siastic about the daring and cial attack.

'It was great, it was absogame, obviously pleased by the parov added.

imagination of Sbort's sacrifi- sacrifices and suddenly understood I was lost. 1 thought it was going to be an tutely great." Kasparov told a immortal game, with me on the press conference after the wrong side of the table." Kas-

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speak good English.

#### West took the ace and cleared spades. Although the finesse for the jack of diamonds lost, West had no entry to the two good spades and declarer coasted home. There is no guarantee the defendance of the spades and the spades are the defendance of the spades and the spades are the spades and the spades are the spades and the spades are ↑ A 5 4 ∇ K 10 5 2 ers can defeat the contract, but look at what might happen should West smoothly hold up the ace of dia-The bidding: South West North East 1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass monds, allowing declarer's queen to win. When declarer continues with a diamond, West plays low once more. CHARLOTTE, North Carolina (R) — Andre Agassi will get the ball rolling for the United States Friday as the heavily favoured

tract must go down.

# Agassi to open U.S. Davis Cup qualifier

Americans take on overmatched Bahamas in their bid to remain in the Davis Cup world group.

Thursday's draw determined that Davis Cup veteran Agassi will play the first singles match against 191st-ranked Roger Smith and the American knows the stakes are high for the U.S. team.

"There is really no excuse in the world for us to even be where we are now and certainly to be anything further down would be really an embarrassment," Agassi said following the draw

holding the festival is to give

horsebreeders an opportunity

to qualify their Arabian

horses to take part in interna-

Results in Thursday's and

Class 8 Mares foaled in

1st place: Ms. Elvira, own-

ed by Qatar's Sheikh Nawaf Bin Nasser Al Thani

2nd place: Hameedah, owned by Royal Jordanian

Class 9 Mares foeled 1986-

1988

tional competitions.

Friday's shows:

State Stud.

# The suction was a case of simple addition. With 11 points and a five-card suit. North was not interested letting West gain the lead, the con-

# Pass Opening lead: Ten of We have frequently written that to see that South can collect an aces should not be squandered on low cards—their purpose is to capture kings and queens. That is true in the vast majority of cases, but in the vast majority of cases, but in the West hand, declarer will almost surely finesse, losing to East's jack. East forces out declarer's last snade stopper and, since there's no

first class cook with 8 years experience, the wife has housemaid experience for 5 years. Both

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> **Arab Summit** Conference

# EC optimistic over peace process, ready to extend aid, technical help

Claes to raise Jordan's concerns at conference

By P.V. Vivekanapd Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The European Community (EC) is optimistic that the Israeli-Palestinian agreement on interim autonomy will lead to peace in the Middle East on the basis of U.N. resolutions and the community stands ready to extend financial and technical assistance to ensure the success of Arab-Israeli peace accords,

Beglian Foreign Minister Willy
Claes said Thursday.

Mr. Claes was addressing a
press conference late Thursday
before his departure after talks
with Prime Minister Abdel with Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talai Al Hassan on the 23month-old peace process.

An expected meeting be-tween His Majesty King Hu-sein or His Royal Highmes Crown Prince Hassan with Mr. Claes failed to materialise, but sources said the minister had arrived later than scheduled in Amman and there was little time for such meetings.

The minister, whose visit was arranged at short notice, did not refer to any new programmes of assistance to Jor-dan. He said the EC was taking note of Jordan's concerns and would seek to address them at a meeting of international donors to be held in Washington on Oct. 1.

Mr. Claes said the EC Com-mission had already proposed a 500 million European currency units (about \$600 million), five-year aid package to support the Palestinian entity envisaged under the Sept. 13 agreement between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). He also recalled that the community had provided aid worth around \$1.3 billion to the Palestinians

in the last 20 years. I am leaving with moderate and prudent optimism" over the course of the peace process, said Mr. Claes, who arrived bere after talks io Damascu with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa.

The Belgian minister, whose country took over the rotating six-month presidency of the EC in July, welcomed the 'pragmatic" approach of Jor-

"I believe that there is a real perspective here for a real comprehensive peace in the near future," be said. "...The implementation of the agreements will be a bttle bit complicated, needing at times contacts between Israel and the PLO, Israel and the Palestinians and (among) Jordan, Israel and the Palestinians."

"1 think that the Jordanian anthorities bave a more pragmatic approach," be said. 'I prefer this approach. 1 don't believe that it is necessary to finalise the peace process before starting discussions on programmes in a regional

"I think that this approach can help us in order to create a better atmosphere which will stimulate the different actors and partners in the peace pro-

Mr. Claes said Dr. Majali had raised Jordan's quest for compensation for bosting Palestinian refugees for de-cades and that he would discuss the issue with his EC colleagues and at the donors conference on Oct. 1 "to see what can be done towards the refugees and towards Jordan (with) the responsibility for one million refugees."

"Indeed it is a very important and at the same time very complicated story," be said, expressing appreciation of the fact that Jordan had extended full citizenship rights to most of the Palestinians forced out of their homes in the 1948 and 1967 Arab-Israeli wars.

Mr. Claes said an EC delegation which visited the oilrich Arab Gulf states last week to encourage them to give aid to support the peace process found that the countries bad a positive reaction to the Israeli-PLO accord as well as the Jordan-Israel agenda."
"In general, the Gulf coun-

tries confirmed that they will shoulder their share in the implementation" of the accords,

Mr. Claes, who attended the signing of the Israel-PLO agreement in Washington and later met with PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, reaffirmed the EC's enthusiastic support for the accord — "the beginning of a new period for the Palesti-

The minister said the EC had taken note of the reservations voiced by some Arab countries over the accord, but that the community did not believe that the PLO intended to weaken the position of its Arab partners in the peace process by resorting to the 'secret diplomacy" that went into producing the agreement with the Jewish state.

"Time was playing against the Palestinians and the PLO," he said. "Now we see that this agreement is (accelerating)" of the peace process, be said, referring to the Jordan-Israel agenda signed one day after the Israel-PLO accord.

"Something is going on in the Maghreb...we are going to hear about in the following weeks," said Mr. Claes, in an abvious reference to contacts between Morocco and Israel amid reports that the two sides were poised to announce diplomatic relations and the visit to Tunis of an official Israeli

The Belgian minister said the EC believed that regional economic cooperation as "conditio sine qua non" to improve the social and economic conditions of the people of the re-gion. And bence, be said, the community "is ready to play an important, active and dynamic role" in the area.

Mr. Claes, who described his visit to Syria and Jordan as aimed at "listening to the opinion" of the leaders of the two countries and convey EC viewpoints to them, said Mr. Assad had assured him of a 'neutral" stand vis-a-vis the Israel-PLO accord.

"The Syrian authorities are not all enthusiastic about theagreement," Mr. Claes said. President Assad assured me

that he will not fight (the accord) but he is not ready to support (it)... be is taking a netural position.

President Assad, however, reaffirmed his commitment to a negotiated peace settlement with Israel and "insisted on the necessity of accelerating the process as foreseen in Madrid," where an international conference lannebed Arab-Israeli peace talks in October

The Syrian leader also ruled out his country's participation in the multilateral phase of the peace process "until he can see clear (progress)" in the bilater-al talks, Mr. Claes said.

(A Enropean diplomatie source said meanwhile that the EC was proceeding on the presumption that "there cannot be an Arab-Israeli war without Egypt and Arab-Israeli peace without Syria.")
The Belgian Foreign minis-

ter, who last week urged the European Parliament to release of \$188 million in aid to Syria beld up over human rights concerns, denied that the community was trying to pressure Damascus into shift-

ing its positions.

"I did not (visit) Syria in order to (apply) pressure,' be said. "I was not making any link between European initiatives in the field of ecocomic cooperation... and the peace

Mr. Claes said the EC was planning to sign a "treaty of cooperation" with Israel before the end of the years as part of the community's support for economic cooperation in the Middle East. He did not give details, but it is believed that the protocol envisages preferenial treatment for Israeli exports to EC member countries in addition to aid to the Jewish state.

Answering a questioo, Mr. Claes said "some coordination" will bave to be made between the multilateral phase of peace talks oo regional cooperation and the Oct. 1 donors' conference. But, be said, it is premature to see the shape of such linkage.



ARAFAT IN JAKARTA: Indonesian President Subarto (right) meets with Palestine leader Yasser Arafat shortly before starting their talks at the Merdeka Palace Friday. Mr. Arafat is in Indone

sia on a two-day visit to brief President Suharto on the PLO-Israel accord on Palestinian autonomy

## Knesset's 'yes' votes on PLO deal signal a turning point

From Michael Jansen in Nicosia

ON Thursday, after three days of acrimonious debate, Israel's Knesset approved Israel's recognition of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and adopted the Oslo accord on Palestinian self-government and the agreed agenda for a settlement with Jordan. Sixty one or the 120 members voted in favour, .50 against, eight abstained and one absented him-

The parties voting in favour were Labour. 44 votes: Meretz, 12; Hadash 3 and the Arab Democratic party, 2. The MKs voting against were 29 of the Likud's 32, 8 from Tsomet, 3 from Moledet, 6 from the National Religions party and 4 from Uoited Torah Jewry. Three Liknd members of Knesset (MKs) and five from Shas abstained and oneShas MK did not appear in the Knesset chamber.

The government of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin also withstood a vote of noconfidence by 61 to 52.

Although the government secured the peacemaking mandate it required by only a one-vote majority, those 61 votes amounted to a considerable victory for Mr. Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimoo Peres. The vote was a victory not so much because the government secured the majority it expected, but because the opposition could muster only 50 votes, instead of all 59 members, not voting in favour. This means that Mr. Rabin has a comfortable margin of 11 over its opponents. After the vote he stated that the government would now go ahead with "implementation of the agreements" with the PLO and Jor-

This margin was nnexpectedly large because, three members from the Likud party abstained. These were Assad Assad, a Druze MK who voted as his Druze constituents demanded; Ronnie Milo, currently a candidate in the Tel

lieves the majority of Israelis living in this, the country's largest city, support the accords; and Meir Shetreet, who voted his "conscience" whatever the consequences. Likud hawks asked for the dismissal of the three from the

party.

Mr. Shetreet, a Moroccan by origin, was sharply critical of the Likud leadership which be said had "lost the middle ground in Israeli politics." i.e. shifted so far to the right as to lose its portion of voters in the centre. An Israeli commentator told this correspondent last week that the Likud "sounds exactly like the lunatic right," Instead of offering an alternative to the Oslo accords, Likudniks could only call Mr. Rabin a "traitor" and claim that implementation of Palestinian self-rule would lead to the Jews being driven into the sea. The fact that the Likud has indeed lost touch with the centre has been borne out by opinion polls which register

#### ANALYSIS

supporting the Rabin-Arafar

accord.

It was expected that deputies from the Sephardi religious party, Sbas, would abstain from the vote: five abstained and one was absent. Until recently Shas was a member of the coalition but the party chairman, Arye Deri, minister of the interior, and two other deputy ministers were dismissed because of allegations of corruption. The party's spiritual mentor. Rabbi Ovadia Yosef, stated last week that Shas would not vote against the accord, in spite of pressure from other ultra-orthodox religious parties to do so. Rabbi whose word is obeyed by his followers, has taken the stand that the life of one Jew is not worth continuing the occupation of the occupied ter-

ritories occupied in 1967 Likud leader Benjamin Netanyahn warned during the

On the ability of the PLO to

the interim stage, 21.3 per cent

said the PLO can run Palesti-

nian affairs while 73.4 per cent

the resumption of Israeli-

Palestinian negotiations, while

- 79.3 per cent said the PLO was the most capable

power of saving them from

their current situations while

6.5 per cent said Islamic forces

were the most qualified to do

On the impact of the agree-

ment on their posicions on the

PLO, 64,1 per cent said their

support for and confidence in

the PLO bad increased while

9.8 per cent said their support

and confidence had dimi-

nished. However, 18.5 per ceot

said the agreement has no im-

pact on their support for and

18.6 per cent rejected it.

85.3 per cent supported

saw otherwise.

debate that the agreement with the PLO would lead to the creation of a Palestinian state but was imable to keep his party in line when it came down to the vote.

"The abstention of the three deputies dealt us a hard blow,' ormer Defence Minister Ariel Sharon told Israeli Radio on Friday. "It allows the government to gain the upper hand with a moral mandate over the populatioo."

"What's most serious is that we prepared for this decisive moment for years. Now that it's bere we're unable to explain our position and chart out a coherent strategy," be

The vote could be a turning point for Israel. It was a vote for pursuing peace instead of the ongoing war of attrition against the Palestinians in the territories. It was a vote against the "greater Israel" that was the dream of the founding fathers of the Jewish the religious parties have tried to turn into reality. It is significant that Mr. Rabin and Mr. Peres, who can be counted among Israel's founding fathers, have decided that the dream was unattainable and, by accepting the terms of U.N. resolutions 242 and 338, have committed themselves to ex-

changing territory for peace.

By enlisting the support of the Hadash and Arab Democratic parties, Rabin broke the taboo against relying in key contests on "Arab" leftist parties which are considered by a majority of Israelis to be "non-Zionist" as they have advocated a compromise with the Palestinians since the founding of Israel. On the eve of the vote Mr. Rabin was accused of exploiting the "PLO vote" but this did not deter him. His reliance on the backing of five leftist MKs at this crucial juncture is indicative of the changing climate of opinion in Israel where the parties traditionally considered "non-Zionist" have suddenly become respectable partners in peacemaking.

Honse of Representatives chamber, a surprised Clinton saw the teleprompter display his Feb. 17 State of the Union Address. "Wrong speech," the president whispered to Vice President Al Gore, who was standing behind him. Mr. Gores promptly informed senior Class. ton adviser George Stephano-poulos, "who at that poin had no blood in his body." according to White House spokes. I woman Dec Dee Myers. Mr. Clinton went ahead and begin his speech, reading from the written text before him, and White House aides scrambled to fix the problem. Top communications aide David Dreyer pulled the computer file from the teleprompter and found that yes. Mr. Clinton's health care speech was on the file, but that the State of the Union Address was on it too. The mixup had occurred, said Ms. Myers, because Mr. Chinton was soll onkering with the wording of his speech until the last possible moment - duringthe short limousine ride from the White House to Capitol, Hill. Aides made the changes in the teleprompter . file, but a the confusion the State of the Union Address was put forward for Mr. Clinton to read. The mixup took about six minutes to fix.

Clinton gets wrong

dent Bill Clinton nearly

speechless. As he faced mile

lions of Americans to deliver

the address of his political life

on health care reform and applicable coursed through the

speech in mixup WASHINGTONN (R) - A teleprompter mixup left Prese

#### Yeltsin congratulates reindeer breeders

MOSCOW (AFP) - Russian President Boris Yeltsin sent his greetings to the World Festival of Reindeer Breeders which opened io Norway Friday, saying Russia backed this "noble movement" strongly. ITAR-TASS News Agency said. Russia was represented at the fesoval, organised under the international year of indigenous peoples, by reindeer breeders from 14 areas of northern Russia. Sibera and the Far East, the report said.

#### Michael Jackson concert draws 50,000 Turks

ISTANBUL (R) - More than . 50,000 Turks, roaring, dancing and waving candles, turned out for a concert by pop superstar ... Michael Jackson in Istanbul Thursday night. Jackson, who flew into Istanbul from Israel Wednesday, is expected to leave Turkey Saturday.

#### **Tokyo Film** Festival opens

TOKYO (AP) — Japan's fledgling film festival opened Friday with a screening of Sylvester Stallone's new thriller. Cliffhanger. The film's director. Renny Harlin, was among a handful of guests to open the 6th Tokyo Internadonal Film Festival. Harlin's other credits include Die Hard. Organisers say they hope the festival, which became an annual event lass year, will become an internationally acclaimed event, but few expect it ever to rival its more prestigious counterparts in Cannes or Venice. German director Wim Wenders, whose films include Wings Of Desire and Paris, Texas, will chair the jury for the young cinema com-petition, which will distribute three prizes worth a total of 35 million ven (\$333,000). Entries include two American films, Menace II Society by Allen and Albert Hughes and Kalifonia by Dominie Sena. Italian director Franco Zeffirelli will chair the jury for the internaoonal competition, which does not carry a cash prize. Entries include Silent Tongue, the second film to be directed by actor Sam Shepard, and Younger And Younger staring Donald Gutherland.

#### China holds first rare book auction

PEKING (AP) - Old Peking Opera records and books dating back 1,400 years were among the items auctioned at the first Pekiog rare book auc tion, the China Daily reported Friday. The highest bid at Thursday's auction was 120,000 yuan (\$21,000) for a hand-painted book published I around 1800, the newspaper reported. Sales of 112 of the 240 books and opera recordings offered brought in 370,000 yuan (\$65,000).

# Attacks against U.N. mount in Mogadishu

MOGADISHU (AFP) \_ arms fire. Somali militiamen stepped up mortar attacks against United Nations forces in Mogadishu carly Friday, and a gunman wounded a Pakistani soldier at a checkpoint, a U.N. spokesman said.

Several shells apparently fired at the airport fell harmlessly in the sea, and others slammed into the ground outside the heavily-fortified U.N. compound at the former U.S. embassy, Tim McDavitt said.

Suspected fighters of wanted warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed exchanged small arms fire with U.S. soldiers at a base near the embassy and then melted away into the night, Captain McDavitt said.

Pakistani soldiers manning a checkpoint in General Aideed's sonth Mogadisbu stronghold came under small

A rocket-propelled grenade and a shell from a 106-mm recoilless rifle ploughed into the sandy ground nearby.

Pakistani soldiers manning another checkpoint shot dead a Somali truck driver after he opened up on them with an AK 47 automatic rifle as they prepared to search his truck. laden with fruit and veget-

He wounded a soldier, who was described as being in "stable condition" at the Swedish military hospital here.

His life was not in danger. "There was a lot of activity during the night but it wasn't a coordinated offensive," Capt.

McDavitt said. But be stressed that U.N. forces were "taking very seriously" threats of major attacks against them in retaliation for the capture this week of

Gen. Aideed's right-hand man Osman Hassan Ali, known as 'Ato," the thin man.

He said American aid workers and a reporter had been taken to the U.N. compound bere overnight because of "threats of hostage-taking, particularly Americans."

"We're taking prudent mea-sures," Capt. McDavitt said. U.S. Ambassador Robert Gosende said gunmen suspected to be Aideed militiamen had twice gone to aid agency offices and asked for Americans by name in the past three days.

In both cases the Americans were out of their offices.

Mr. Gosende said militiamen had captured two Italians 13 days ago and had held them for five hours.

They were freed only after they managed to convince their captors that they were not American, Mr. Gosende told reporters.

Aideed militiamen are holding a Nigerian soldier captured on Sept. 6. "We believe he is alive,"

said U.N. political spokesman Farouk Mawlawi. Speculation mounted that Gen. Aideed's Somali Nation-

al Alliance would offer to exchange Mr. Osman Ato for the Nigerian but U.N. sources said the world body would refuse.

Gen. Aideed is wanted for the June 5 killings of 24 Pakistani peacekeepers. The bloody conflict between

U.N. forces and the elusive warlord, still in hiding here, has killed hundreds of Somalis including many women and children, and 53 U.N. soldiers since the world body took over the Somalia operation from the United States on May 4. Aviv mayoral race who be-

## 16 killed in Kabul battles

KABUL (R) - Fierce rocket lead to internal strife and fightexchanges between rival Shiite and Sunni Muslim factions in the Afghan capital Kabul have killed 16 poeple and injured 55, hospitals and officials said run the Palestinian affairs in Thursday.

The clashes, the bloodiest for several weeks, erupted late Wednesday in the western suburbs - aiready reduced to rubble in many parts by months of similar bombardments - and raged into Thurs-

day morning, doctors said. Each side accused the other of starting the fighting, the most serious violation of a ceasefire agreed last month between the Iran-backed Shute Hezb-e-Wahdat party and the extremist Saudi-backed Sunni

Ittehad-e-Islami group. Ittehad leader Abdul Rab Sayyaf told Reuters the fighting was the most serious of three recent ceasefire violations.

He said 12 people were killed in rocket and mortar fire on the Shiite Kampani settlement on the road to his base at Paghman, a former resort town in hills about 25 kilometres west of Kabul.

# Most Palestinians back Israel-PLO accord — poll

occupied territories support the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreement giving them interim selfrule, according to an opinion

poil conducted recently.

The survey of 1,505 Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip conducted by the Jerusalem Media and Communications Centre (JMCC) and sponsored by CNN and France 2 television also showed that support for Islamie groups opposed to the

agreement was waning. The poll showed that 68.6 per cent said they agree with the Sept. 13 accord only 27.8 per cent opposed the deal and 3.6 per cent gave a different

According to the poll, the accord was more popular in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho — where Palestinians would initially bave greater autonomy than io the rest of the occupied terri-

It said 72 per cent of Gazans and 83. 2 per cent of Jericho residents backed the deal.

64.4 per cent of the respondents had more confidence in the PLO-led nationalist camp compared to 17.5 per cent who put their faith in Islamic

An opinion poll conducted by the JMCC last month showed that 50.9 per cent said they trusted PLO-led nationalists compared to 24.1 per cent who said they trusted Islamic groups, while 23.9 per cent backed other groups.

The sample included 920 West Bankers including (Jerusalem) and 585 Gazans. Asked if the agreement add legitimacy to the Israeli occupation, 37.5 per cent said yes, 54.6 said no and 7.9 were not decided — 68.1 per cent viewed the agreement as a means for saving them from the difficult living conditions

while 24.2 per cent saw other-Asked whether the agreement will lead to internal Palestinian strife, 26.2 per cent

said yes, 60.8 per cent said no while 12.3 were oot decided. Asked whether the Palestinian leadership will be able to run the Palestinian affairs in the interim period, 26.2 per cent said yes and 64.2 said no.

Asked whether they support the continuation of negotia-tions with Israel, 72.9 per cent said yes, 25 per cent said no, while 2.1 were not decided.

Asked which party can save them from the status quo, 64.4 per cent said the nationalist forces (the PLO), and 17.5 said-Islamic forces while 18.1 per cent saw otherwise.

On the impact of the PLO-Israel agreement on the Palestinian people's posicions, 46.5 per cent said their support for the PLO had increased, 19.1 said their support for and confidence in the PLO had diminished, and 24.6 per cent said the agreement bad no impact on their confidence and support for the PLO while 9.8 per cent said they bad no opin-

The Gaza Strip, 72 per cent of the sample surveyed voiced their support for the Palestinian-Israeli agreement as opposed to 66.4 per cent in the occupied West Bank. - 64.2 of the Gazans co-

agreement as a practical step to establish a Palestinian state while 57.6 of the West Bankers shared this view. - 29.5 of the Gazans said

the agreement legitimises the Israeli occupation compared with 42.6 per cent in the West

- 74.7 per cent of the Gazans and 64 per cent of the West Bankers said the agreement was a means to save them from the difficult conditions.

On the possibility of Palestinian strife, 16.8 per cent of the Gazan and 33.2 of the West Bankers said the agreement will lead to internal fighting. In Gaza 17.6 per cent, as opposed to 31.6 per cent in the

run the Palestinian affairs in the interim rule period. - 75.9 per cent of the Gazans and 71 per cent of the West Bankers supported the resumption of Palestinian-

status quo, 70.1 of the Gazans

West Bank, said the Palesti-

nian leadership will be able to

Israeli negotiations. Asked which party is most able to save them from the

and 60.7 of the West Bankers conditions, and 23.2 said it will said the PLO, while 18.1 per cent in Gaza and 17.1 in the cent in Gaza and 17.1 in the ing while 73.7 said it will not West Bank said Islamic forces. lead to violence. In Gaza, 52.8 per cent said their support for and confi-

dence in the PLO had in-

creased as compared to 42.4 per cent of the West Bankers. - 15 per cent of the Gazans and 21.8 per cent of the West Bankers said their support for and confidence in the PLO bad diminished while 22.5 per cent and 25.9 per cent in Gaza and the West Bank respectively said the agreement had no

impact on their position towards the PLO. In Jericho, the poll found that 83.2 per cent of the sample surveyed were in favour of the agreement and that 79.8 per cent saw the agreement as a. practical step to establish a Palestinian state.

- 28.7 per cent said the agreement legitimises the Israeli occupation while 67 per cent saw otherwise.

- 84 per cent saw the agreement as a means for saving them from their difficult living confidence in the organisation.

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